

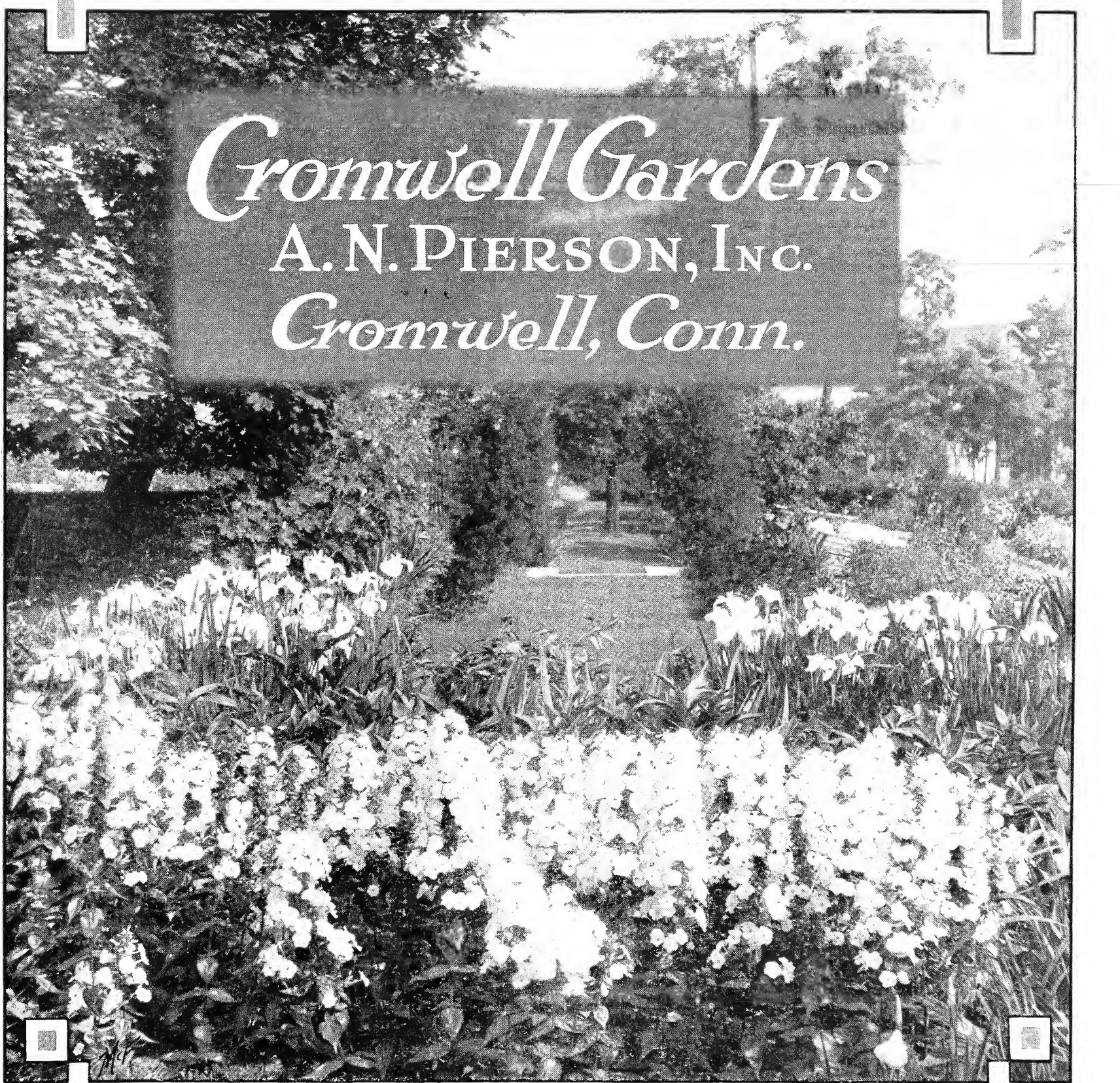
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Fall 1917



Cromwell Gardens
A. N. PIERSON, INC.
Cromwell, Conn.

WE INVITE YOU TO CROMWELL GARDENS



CROMWELL is one of the old towns of New England and is situated on the Connecticut River three miles above Middletown and twelve miles below Hartford. It is easily reached by automobile over excellent roads.

The culture of Roses has always been the leading feature of Cromwell Gardens, one-half of the twenty acres of greenhouse space being devoted to the growing of Roses for cut-flowers. The Garden Rose Department is, in itself, an industry of no small proportion.

The Nursery is a short distance from the greenhouses and comprises forty acres of choice Evergreens, Ornamental Trees, and Shrubs.

A department is devoted solely to the production of Hardy Perennials and covers a large area of ground.

LANDSCAPE DEPARTMENT. This department is constantly carrying out planting operations and is equipped to plan and plant your Rose-Garden, Formal Hardy Garden, and Old-fashioned Hardy Border, or to design and lay out new estates.

READ BEFORE ORDERING

ORDER EARLY. It will enable us better to prepare for the spring trade if we have your order on file.

CORRESPONDENCE. We endeavor to answer all correspondence, but, owing to the pressure of business during the spring, we request that questions be clearly and concisely stated.

CASH WITH ORDER. Kindly send money sufficient to cover the entire bill. We do not make shipments C. O. D. unless remittance has been made on account to guarantee acceptance.

NO REPRESENTATIVES. Do not pay cash to anybody representing this company. We have no agents except our regular salesmen.

REMITTANCES. Remittances should be made by post-office money order or by New York draft. If money is sent, the letter should be registered. All prices quoted in this list are strictly net. All checks must be made payable to A. N. Pierson, Inc.

WE DO NOT GIVE COMMISSIONS OR GRATUITIES.

CREDIT. If credit is desired, give references and allow us time to look them up.

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS. Give your name, post office, county, and state, and the name of your nearest express office to which shipment is to be made.

EXPRESS COMPANIES. We have only the Adams Express Company from Cromwell. We make connection with the American Express Company at Springfield, Mass., when so directed.

ERRORS. Keep a copy of your order. We aim to have our orders correctly filled. Where we are at fault, we make satisfactory correction.

QUANTITIES. Three of a variety will be sold at the dozen rate; 25 of a variety will be sold at the 100 rate; 250 of a variety will be sold at the 1,000 rate.

NON-WARRANTY. We aim to give the best possible service and to ship stock that will be up to our high standard of excellence. We endeavor to keep varieties true to name, but do not guarantee this, nor do we in any way guarantee the success of the grower purchasing the stock offered in this catalogue.

WE RESERVE THE RIGHT to omit an item to balance a shortage in remittance, also to add to your order if you have over-remitted. We always select items that you have already ordered. We adjust orders in this manner to save unnecessary delay in shipment rather than write for balance.

Flowering Plants in Pots

AGATHEA

Felicia coelestis. Pretty, blue daisy-like flowers in late winter. A splendid pot plant. 4-in. pots, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

BEGONIAS

All Begonias will be shipped in paper pots

Mrs. J. A. Peterson. A decided and striking novelty. It is of the Lorraine type but has red foliage. It is a clean, easy grower and produces flowers in profusion; brilliant deep pink in color.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------------|--------|--------|
| 4-in. pots..... | \$0 75 | \$7 50 |
| 5-in. pots..... | 1 50 | |

Melior. In general character of flower very similar to Glory of Cincinnati. It produces an abundance of flowers evenly distributed over the plant, which is compact in form. It is in this respect a decided improvement on Cincinnati.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------------|--------|--------|
| 4-in. pots..... | \$0 60 | \$6 00 |
| 5-in. pots..... | 1 00 | |
| 6-in. pots..... | 1 50 | |

Glory of Cincinnati. This variety is a strong grower, with large, heavy foliage. Its flowers are a beautiful shade of pink, and carried well above the foliage. As the foliage is heavy, the variety makes proportionately less leaves, and since the variety is propagated from leaf-cuttings it will always remain in short supply. May and later delivery.

| | Each | Doz. |
|---|--------|--------|
| 4-in. pots..... | \$0 50 | \$6 00 |
| 5-in. pots, \$1 to \$1.50 each, in bud and bloom. | | |
| 6-in. pots, \$1.50 to \$2 each, in bud and bloom. | | |
| 5 and 6-in. sizes for November and December delivery. | | |

Glory of Nahant. A new Begonia of the Lorraine type, possessing all its good points but a lighter shade of pink.

| | Each | Doz. |
|---|--------|--------|
| 4-in. pots..... | \$0 50 | \$6 00 |
| 5-in. pots, \$1 to \$1.25 each, in bud and bloom. | | |

BOUVARDIA

Beautiful star-shaped flowers produced during the late fall and early winter.

3-in. pots, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12 per 100

Double Pink Single Pink Double White Humboldtii corymbiflora. Large; single; white; very fragrant.

BUDDLEIA

Asiatica. A splendid cool greenhouse and conservatory plant, producing pure white fragrant flower-spikes of splendid keeping quality during November and December.

| | Each | Doz. | 100 |
|-----------------|--------|--------|---------|
| 4-in. pots..... | \$0 25 | \$2 50 | \$20 00 |
| 5-in. pots..... | 35 | 3 50 | 25 00 |

CYCLAMEN

One of our finest conservatory or house plants, but must be kept clean to insure success. We offer a splendid strain in separate color.

| | Each | Doz. | 100 |
|--|--------|--------|---------|
| 4-in. pots..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 | \$40 00 |
| 5-in. pots, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz., in bud and bloom. | | | |

6-in. pots, \$1 to \$1.50 each, \$9 to \$15 per doz., in bud and bloom.

EUPHORBIA

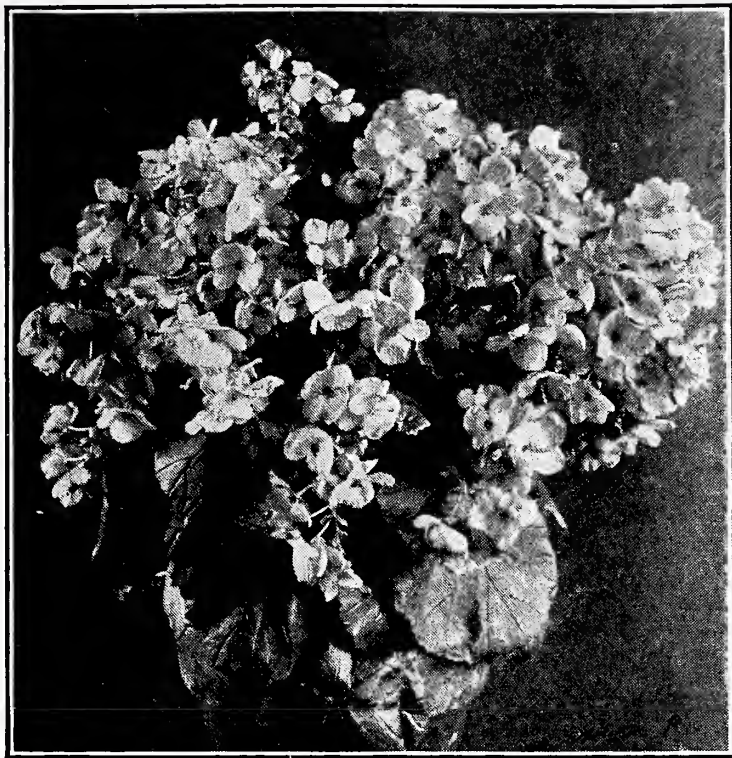
Jacquiniæflora. A handsome winter-flowering favorite, producing bright orange-scarlet bracts; used extensively for cutting and decorating purposes.

| | Each | Doz. | 100 |
|-----------------|--------|--------|---------|
| 4-in. pots..... | \$0 25 | \$2 50 | \$20 00 |
| 5-in. pots..... | 40 | 4 50 | 35 00 |

GENISTA

Canariensis. A showy early spring-flowering subject for the cool greenhouse, flowering in bright golden yellow racemes.

| | Each | Doz. |
|----------------------|------------|--------|
| 5-in. pots..... | \$0 35 | \$3 50 |
| Large specimens..... | 75 cts. to | 2 00 |



Begonia, Glory of Nahant

GARDENIAS

Veitchii. Our stock of this, the most satisfactory forcing variety, has been selected for year after year with increased production and healthy constitution as the end in view. We offer clean, healthy stock for immediate delivery.

| | Each | Doz. | 100 |
|-----------------|--------|--------|---------|
| 3-in. pots..... | \$0 25 | \$2 50 | \$17 50 |
| 4-in. pots..... | 50 | 5 00 | 30 00 |

We have larger than 4-inch pots in stock occasionally. If in need of them, write us.

HYDRANGEA

Hortensis. Strong, field-grown plants for potting or for flowering purposes. Ready in October and November.

Otaksa. The well-known and popular tub or forcing variety.

New French Hybrids. In best named varieties.

50 cts. each, \$4 per doz. Extra-large specimens, 75 cts. to \$3 each

POINSETTIAS

The Poinsettia does not properly come under flowering plants. The gorgeous coloring during December is due to the maturity of the bracts and gives the appearance of a flower in reality. These plants, so ornamental for the holidays, are propagated during July and August, and the growing of this young stock is one of our specialties. We ship all our Poinsettias in paper pots.

| | Doz. | 100 |
|-----------------------|--------|---------|
| From 2¼-in. pots..... | \$1 50 | \$10 00 |
| From 3-in. pots..... | 2 00 | 15 00 |

POLYANTHUS

This splendid Hardy Primrose is now greatly in demand for winter forcing. It requires a cool temperature, without bottom heat, good soil, and sufficient watering to insure a fairly moist condition. Grown either in pots or solid benches, it can be had in flower from January on and is sure to be used more extensively for bunching or as a decorative pot plant. We offer a famous exhibition strain, secured in Scotland, producing giant flowers in very large trusses in the colors light to deep yellow, deep yellow, scarlet to crimson, and mixed colors. Strong plants from the field, ready in October, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.

FERNS

ADIANTUM Croweanum. The hardiest of the Maidenhair Ferns and very suitable for home culture.

| | Each | Doz. | 100 |
|-----------|--------|--------|---------|
| 3-in..... | \$0 30 | \$3 50 | \$25 00 |
| 4-in..... | 50 | 5 00 | 35 00 |
| 5-in..... | 75 | 7 50 | 60 00 |

Farleyense. The choicest of the Maidenhair Ferns, but one that requires warm greenhouse cultivation.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------------------------|--------|---------|
| 5-in..... | \$1 50 | \$18 00 |
| 6-in..... | 2 00 | 24 00 |
| 6-in., selected..... | 2 50 | 30 00 |
| 6-in., specimen plants..... | 3 00 | 36 00 |

Glory of Mordrecht. Gloriosa Fern. An easy-growing form of Farleyense. Has a stronger constitution, harder fronds and stems, and does well with the ordinary Maidenhair Ferns.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 3-in..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 4-in..... | 75 | 7 50 |
| 5-in..... | 1 25 | 15 00 |

ASPLENIUM Nidus-Avis. Bird-Nest Fern. Broad, heavy, attractive fronds arranged in a whorl, giving it the name Bird-Nest Fern.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 3-in..... | \$0 30 | \$3 00 |
| 4-in..... | 50 | 6 00 |
| 5-in..... | 1 25 | 15 00 |

CIBOTIUM Schiedeii. A very desirable plant. Long, graceful fronds of light green. One of the most attractive Ferns.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|------------------|------|
| 7-in..... | \$4 00 to \$5 00 | |
| 8-in..... | 6 00 to 7 00 | |
| 9-in..... | 8 00 to 10 00 | |

CYRTOMIUM Rochfordianum. The new Crested Holly Fern. Next to the Boston Fern, it is the most satisfactory plant for apartment use, and this new variety will quickly find a place as a decorative plant. Rich, glossy, dark green in color. Beautifully formed.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------------|--------|--------|
| 3-in. pots..... | \$0 20 | \$2 00 |
| 4-in. pots..... | 30 | 3 00 |
| 5-in. pots..... | 50 | 6 00 |
| 6-in. pots..... | 75 | 9 00 |



Table Ferns

NEPHROLEPIS Mentori. A beautiful new variety of the crested type, delicately laced, and of upright habit, the fronds recurving gracefully to a plume effect. Very hardy as a house plant.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 4-in..... | \$0 75 | \$7 50 |
| 5-in..... | 1 00 | 12 00 |
| 6-in..... | 1 50 | 18 00 |

Norwood. (Craig, 1917.) An attractive new Fern of the crested type that will prove to be a great favorite for house or conservatory use; finely laced and formed.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|------|
| 4-in..... | \$0 75 | |
| 6-in..... | 1 50 | |

Bostoniensis. Boston Fern. The most popular house plant and very widely used for interior decoration and porch work in summer, as it does well in partial shade.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| 5-in. pots..... | \$0 75 | |
| 6-in. pots..... | 1 00 | |
| 7-in. pots..... | \$1.50 and 2 00 | |
| 8-in. pans..... | 2.50 and 3 00 | |

Scholzeli. This is an ideal Crested Fern, holding the same relation to all other crested varieties that the Scottii holds to the old Boston.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 5-in..... | \$0 75 | \$7 50 |
| 6-in..... | 1 00 | 10 00 |

Scottii. An old-time favorite of the greatest merit.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 5-in..... | \$0 75 | \$7 50 |
| 6-in..... | 1 00 | 10 00 |

Scottii, Teddy Junior. A Fern for every household. Dwarf, compact, and sturdy.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 5-in..... | \$0 75 | \$7 50 |
| 6-in..... | 1 00 | 10 00 |

SMALL TABLE FERNS. We carry a complete selection of small Ferns for Fern-dishes, including:

Aspidium Tsus-sinense
Cyrtomium falcatum
Cyrtomium Rochfordianum
Lastrea chrysoloba
Pteris cerrulata cristata
Pteris cretica albo-lineata
Pteris Mayi
Pteris Victoria
Pteris Wilsonii
Pteris Wimsettii

\$1 per doz., \$8 per 100

POLYPODIUM Mandaianum. One of the most beautiful specimen Ferns; of a bold habit, with high, ornamental qualities, its silvery green fronds reaching a length of 4 to 6 feet. Specimen plants, \$8 to \$15 each.

ASPARAGUS AND SMILAX

ASPARAGUS plumosus nanus. An excellent plant for table decoration or for green to mix with cut-flowers.

| | Each | Doz. | 100 |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| 2 1/4-in. pots..... | \$0 10 | \$0 75 | \$5 00 |
| 3-in. pots..... | 15 | 1 50 | 10 00 |
| 4-in. pots..... | 20 | 2 00 | 15 00 |

Sprengeri. Excellent for hanging-baskets or for cutting. One of the best plants for window-box use.

| | Each | Doz. | 100 |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| 2 1/4-in. pots..... | \$0 10 | \$0 75 | \$5 00 |
| 3-in. pots..... | 15 | 1 50 | 10 00 |
| 4-in. pots..... | 20 | 2 00 | 15 00 |

SMILAX. A popular greenhouse climber, with dark, shiny foliage; useful for decorative purposes.

2 1/4-in. pots, 60 cts. per doz., \$4.50 per 100.

We have one section of our greenhouse reserved for the growing of rare and unusual exotic conservatory and stove plants. These are very desirable in making up a choice collection for the private conservatory or home. We should be pleased to have intending purchasers call and inspect our collection.

Decorative, Ornamental, and Conservatory Plants

Our stock of rare exotic and conservatory plants is quite complete, comprising many varieties with highly colored foliage and rare and unique specimens. These are very desirable when making up a collection for the private conservatory or home.

ACANTHUS montanus. A very decorative conservatory plant with long, olive-green leaves; spine pointed; rosy white flowers on long spikes. \$2 to \$3 each.

AGLAONEMA Rœblinii. A very decorative foliage plant with large oval leaves of olive-green mottled with silver. Large plants, \$2 to \$5 each; specimen plants up to \$10 each.

ALLAMANDA Williamsii. A handsome greenhouse or conservatory climber or pot plant, with attractive foliage and large, rich yellow, bell-shaped flowers.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------------|--------|--------|
| 4-in. pots..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 5-in. pots..... | 75 | 7 50 |

ALOCASIA macrorhiza variegata. A beautiful, semi-tropical plant that should be included in every collection. The form of the leaves is similar to the Calla Lily; they are of pea-green color, marked with ivory-white. 50c., 75c., and \$1 each.

ALPINA Sanderiana. A pretty, variegated conservatory plant, green and white striped. 50 cts., 75 cts., \$1, and \$1.50 each.

ANANAS sativus. Variegated Pineapple. An ideal conservatory subject; long, narrow, drooping leaves with central band of creamy yellow, blending to a pinkish shade to crown. \$3 to \$15 each.

ANTHERICUM Mandainum. Air Plant. This is one of the most beautiful plants in cultivation, forming a dense, compact plant with leaves 4 to 6 inches in length and of a beautiful dark green color with a bright yellow center like a miniature *Pandanus Veitchii*. 50 cts., \$1, and \$1.50 each.

ANTHURIUM. Flamingo Flower. An attractive greenhouse plant of unique character. The peculiarly shaped flowers often last on the plants for months.

Andræanum. Red. Specimen plants, \$7.50 each.

Duchartii. White. Specimen plants, \$7.50 each.

crystallinum var. Olive-green foliage with silvery veins. Specimen plants, \$10 each.

crystallinum. Green foliage. \$2.50 to \$7.50 each.

Scherzerianum. Brilliant scarlet flowers. \$2.50 to \$4 each.

ARALIA. An attractive plant suitable for conservatory use.

elegantissima. Finely divided metallic green foliage. Specimen plants, \$7.50 each.

Veitchii gracillima. A splendid variety with narrow leaves, having undulated edges of a dark green above and red underneath. Specimen plants, \$7.50 each.

ARAUCARIA. Norfolk Island Pine. The Araucaria is a plant of remarkable symmetry. As it increases in height, it makes successive tiers of branches, producing a very striking effect.

| | Each |
|--|-------------|
| excelsa. 6-in. pots..... | \$2 00 |
| 7-in. pots..... | \$2 to 4 00 |
| glauca. 6-in. pots..... | 2 50 |
| 7-in. pots..... | 4 00 |
| robusta compacta. 5-in. pots..... | 1 50 |
| 6-in. pots..... | 2 50 |
| 7-in. pots..... | 4 00 |

ARDISIA crenulata. The Christmas ornamental plant, valued for its glossy foliage and red berries.

| | Each |
|--|--------|
| 5-in. pots, extra selected..... | \$2 00 |
| 6-in. pots, single..... | 3 00 |
| 6-in., 3 plants in pot..... | 5 00 |
| Large specimen plants, price on application. | |

BEGONIA smaragdina. A beautiful decorative Begonia with lustrous, velvet-like foliage. 50 cts., 75 cts., and \$1 each.

Rex. A handsome species, useful for its beautifully marked foliage which varies in color from a rich red to silvery green. 50 cts., 75 cts., and \$1 each.

BEAUCARNEA recurvata. A decorative plant of unique character, native to the highland parts of Mexico. A peculiarity of this plant is the large, round, tuberous-like growth which forms at the base of the stem; in old specimens this increases to 2 or 3 feet in diameter. The foliage is long, narrow, and gracefully arched, producing a specimen of very ornamental character. It may be used as a pot plant, indoors and out, and makes in addition a very curious and decorative lawn specimen.

| | Each |
|-----------------|--------|
| 5-in. pots..... | \$1 00 |
| 6-in. pots..... | 1 50 |

CALADIUM, Fancy-leaved. A summer plant that is unequalled for its bright and gorgeous coloring. Excellent for conservatory or window boxes. 50 cts., 75 cts., and \$1 each.

CISSUS discolor. A splendid climber for the conservatory, with mottled crimson and green foliage. \$3 each; large specimens, trained in umbrella shape \$10 each.

CLERODENDRON Balfouri. An attractive, climbing conservatory plant with variegated foliage and bearing large clusters of small white flowers with bright red centers. Assorted shapes and sizes, \$1 to \$7.50 each.

COCCOLOBA platyclada. A very interesting erect shrubby plant with broad, flat, ribbon-like leaves. Clusters of white flowers maturing to a bright red. 35 cts. each; large plants, \$2 each.



Araucaria excelsa

DECORATIVE, ORNAMENTAL, AND CONSERVATORY PLANTS, continued

CROTONS. Nothing can excel the beauty of coloring that is found in these plants. They are beautiful as pot plants for the conservatory, for decorative and exhibition purposes, and are now used extensively as bedding plants for which purpose they are exceptionally well adapted. Our stock includes the best varieties obtainable. 35 cts., 60 cts., 75 cts., \$1, and \$2 each.

CRYPTANTHUS cupreatus. A low-growing, colored foliage plant of value for the conservatory. 3-in., 50 cts. each.

zonatus. A valuable plant for the conservatory collection. Oblong leaves marked with transverse bands of white. \$1.50 each.

CURMERIA Wallisii. A handsome ornamental plant which is deserving of wide popularity as a decorative plant for the window garden. Its leaves, which are about 5 inches long by 2 to 2½ inches wide, are of a rich deep green, irregularly blotched with pale yellowish green. \$1, \$1.50, and \$2 each.

CYANOPHYLLUM magnificum. One of the most striking plants for the conservatory. Large, broad foliage 2 feet or more in length, the center being arched, the edges wavy, and of a lustrous deep green on the upper surface and a reddish bronze underneath, the prominent veins white or light green. Specimen plants, \$7.50 each.

CYPERUS alternifolius. Umbrella Plant. An excellent plant for the house. Will thrive in any good soil and always presents a green and attractive appearance. It may be grown as a sub-aquatic, and in any case should never lack a liberal supply of water. 50 cts., 75 cts., and \$1 each.

DIEFFENBACHIA. Beautiful decorative plants with ornamental foliage, well adapted to the conservatory.

Baumannii. Rich, dark green leaves blotched with irregular markings of light green. Large plants, \$2 to \$4 each.

Bausei. Leaves yellowish green, blotched dark green and spotted white. \$2 each.

DIPLADENIA amabilis. Few tropical plants excel as conservatory twining plants. These handsome sprays of flowers are produced in profusion from May to November.

Each
3-in. pots.....\$0 75
Specimen plants..... 4 00

DRACÆNA. Without doubt, the best and most attractive of the decorative foliage plants. Their highly colored foliage and fine style appeal to all. Our stock is complete with all the newer varieties.

amabilis. Foliage bright, glossy green marked with pink and creamy white. Specimen plants, \$5 each.

fragrans. Broad, dark green foliage. Specimen plants, \$5 each.

Godseffiana. Different from all other Dracænas. Of free-branching habit, forming graceful specimens. Color dark green, spotted with creamy white. 50 cts. and 75 cts. each.

indivisa. This variety is used extensively for window boxes and vases. Stands the full sun and its long, graceful foliage contrasts nicely with other plants. 50 cts., 75 cts., and \$1; specimen plants up to \$5.

Lord Wolseley. Long, narrow, recurving foliage which colors to a bright crimson. Large plants, \$2, \$3.50, and \$5 each; specimens, \$7.50 each.

Sanderiana. A graceful variety with silvery green foliage, edged with a broad border of white. 50 cts. and \$1 each; specimens, \$5 each.

Shepherdii. Green foliage, striped with orange-bronze. Fine specimens, \$4 to \$7 each.

terminalis. Bright red foliage, marked with pink and white. \$1.50, \$3, and \$5 each.

deremensis Warneckii. Variegated with white stripes. \$3.50 each.

Dr. Marguerite Storey. Broad pea-green foliage with beautiful pink shadings. Specimen plants, \$4 to \$5 each.

Gladstone. Broad, oval-shaped leaves with intense crimson coloring. Specimen plants, \$5 each.

Dracæna stricta granda. Similar to *Terminalis*, but has broader foliage. Specimen plants, \$4 and \$5 each.

Lindenii. Broad, green foliage with golden yellow stripes on edges. Specimen plants, \$5 each.

Youngii. Foliage bright green, changing to a metallic bronze. Each

Large plants.....\$4 00
Specimens..... 7 50

EPISCEA cupreata. An excellent plant for basket work. Its chief charms are the slender trailing habit, the soft hairiness of the leaves, and the coloring of a coppery hue. The flowers are bright red. 50 cts., 75 cts., and \$1 each.

ERYTHRINA. Heart-shaped leaves beautifully blotched with white. \$1.50, \$2.50, and \$4 each.

EUPHORBIA splendens. Crown of Thorns. Of cactus-like growth with sharp spines. Flowers in clusters of a light shade of red. A unique plant. \$1 to \$2 each.

FICUS elastica. The well-known Rubber Plants. For fall delivery.

Each Doz.
5-in. pots.....\$0 75 \$7 50
6-in. pots..... 1 00 12 00

utilis. A valuable acquisition to the Rubber Plants; light green leaves and light-colored tendrils. Each

5-in.....\$2 00
6-in..... 2 50
Specimen plants, \$5 and up.

repens. A small-leaved trailing vine, used for covering walls and as a basket and hamper plant. Deserves general cultivation. 3-in., 35 cts. each.

FITTONIA argyroneura. A pretty trailing plant with vivid green foliage traced with a network of pure white veins. Each

3-in.....\$0 35
4-in..... 50

Verschaffeltii. Similar to the preceding, only the leaves are traced with a network of vivid red.

Each
3-in.....\$0 35
4-in..... 50

HELICONIA illustris rubricaulis. Dark green foliage with veins and stems marked with red. \$2, \$4, and \$5 each.

HOFFMANNIA regalis. A very beautiful, tropical plant, the foliage of which is a rich, dark green, contrasting well with purple-red on the reverse side of leaf—a very useful plant for window garden or living-room. Each

Large plants.....\$2 to \$3 00
Specimen plants..... 5 00

LAUROCERASUS. English Laurel. Splendid evergreen tub plant, rivaling the Bay tree for decorative purposes. Bushy plants, \$1.50 to \$2 each.

MARANTA. A very decorative conservatory foliage plant, remarkable for its varied colorings. Assorted varieties, 75 cts., \$1, and \$1.50 each; specimen plants, \$3 to \$4 each.

MEDINILLA. The most gorgeous of the semi-tropical conservatory plants. A native of the Philippines, with beautiful broad, shining foliage. Blooms freely from April to July, producing coral-red blossoms in large clusters.

magnifica. Specimen plants, \$10 each.

amabilis. Specimen plants, \$7.50 each.

MYRTUS communis. A useful trailing vine with small, very dark green, glossy foliage. We have this grown and twined in a variety of forms. Standard or tree shape, 50 cts., \$1.50 to \$4 each; basket shape, specimens, \$5 each; pyramid shape, specimens, \$4 each.

NEPENTHES Dominii. Interesting plants, bearing curious pitchers. Splendid for baskets. \$2 each; large specimens, \$15 each.

PANDANUS. Screw Pine. One of the most popular of the decorative conservatory plants.

pacificus. A rare variety with broad, massive, dark green foliage. \$1, \$2, and \$3 each; specimen plants, \$7.50 each.

Pandanus utilis. Well-known, green-leaved variety. Large plants, \$2 each.

Veitchii. One of the choicest plants for the house; broad, green leaves beautifully striped with creamy white. 50 cts., 75 cts., \$1, \$1.50, and \$2 each; specimen plants, \$3 to \$5 each.

Sanderiana. A rare species; foliage of glaucous green color with a faint striping of yellowish white. Specimen plants, \$2.50 to \$15 each.

PASSIFLORA cærulea. Passion Flower. An interesting and attractive climbing plant, bearing oddly formed flowers freely throughout the summer and fall. \$1 each; specimen, globe-shaped plants, \$5 each; specimen, umbrella-shaped plants, \$15 each.

PAULLINIA thalict trifolia. An excellent decorative house plant of twining habit. Foliage a beautiful bronze with small pink flowers. 50c., 75c., and \$1.

PEPEROMIA argyræa. A pretty, dwarf, ornamental foliage plant, the thick leaves being bright green, veined silvery white; exceedingly useful as a pot plant for the window. 4-in. pots, 50c. and 75c. ea.

PHYLLANTHUS nivosus roseo-pictus. A very pretty greenhouse plant of branching habit; small, oval leaves blotched with bronze and red. \$4 each; specimens, \$7.50 each.

PIPER metallicum. A pleasing foliage plant for the conservatory, with round, thick leaves of dark metallic green. Specimens, \$4 to \$10 each.

ornatum. A very ornamental climbing plant for the house or conservatory. Foliage shining green with pinkish spots. 35 cts. and 50 cts. each; large plants, \$1 each.

PLATYCERIUM. Elk's Horn. In several varieties. A unique plant with glaucous foliage resembling an elk's horn. Can be grown successfully on bark or baskets. Specimens, \$5 to \$10 each.

POTHOS argyræus. A tall, climbing conservatory plant with broad, glossy leaves blotched and variegated. 35 cts., 50 cts., and 75 cts. each.

SAINTPAULIA ionantha. African Violet. A low-growing conservatory plant with oval, dark green hairy leaves. Blue flowers, similar to the single violet. 75 cts., \$1, and \$1.50 each.



Kentia Forsteriana

SANSEVIERIA zeylanica. A fine variegated plant with thick, leathery leaves of upright growth. 50 cts. each; large plants, \$1 to \$3 each.

SELAGINELLA. Useful for fern-dish filling. Dwarf growing, with moss-like foliage, completely covering pot. 35 cts., 50 cts., and 75 cts. each.

cæsia arborea. A beautiful species which may be twined in various shapes. Foliage of iridescent blue-green; a truly magnificent plant. We have plants in basket, globe, and other various forms. \$2 to \$10 each.

STEPHANOTIS floribunda. A desirable greenhouse climber, with handsome, deep green, glossy foliage; produces fragrant, pure white, waxy flowers in clusters. Strong plants, 5-in. pots, \$1 each.

STIGMAPHYLLON ciliatum. One of the prettiest vines in cultivation. Large, yellow, orchid-like flowers which are produced in abundance. Large plants, \$2.50 to \$5, in various forms; specimens, \$7.50 ea.

STENANDRIUM Lindenii. A most attractive small decorative plant with brownish variegated foliage, shading to red and pea-green. \$1, \$1.50, and \$2 ea.

STREPTOSOLEN Jamesonii. An excellent conservatory subject. Rich orange-colored flowers. 75c.

TRADESCANTIA fuscata. A useful conservatory plant with brown and gray hairy leaves. 75 cts. and \$1 each.

PALMS

ARECA lutescens. One of the most graceful Palms in cultivation. Foliage bright, glossy green, with golden yellow stems. Each

| | |
|-----------------|--------|
| 4-in. pots..... | \$0 75 |
| 5-in. pots..... | 1 50 |
| 6-in. pots..... | 2 50 |

CYCAS revoluta. Sago Palm. A very decorative Palm having a crown of graceful, recurving leaves of a shining dark green color. \$3 to \$10 each.

KENTIA Belmoreana. One of the hardiest Palms in cultivation. They are of slow growth. Their foliage is hard and is less affected by the dry atmosphere of the house than other varieties. They are admirably suited for house culture.

| Single Plants | Leaves | Height | Each |
|----------------------|--------|---------------|----------------|
| 5-in. pots.... | 6 | 22 in..... | \$1 50 |
| 6-in. pots.... | 6-7 | 22-24 in..... | 2 50 |
| 6-in. pots.... | 6-7 | 26-28 in..... | \$3 00 to 3 50 |
| 7-in. pots.... | 6-7 | 32-36 in.. | 4 00 to 5 00 |
| 8-in. pots.... | 6-7 | 38-42 in.. | 6 00 to 7 50 |
| 8-in. pots.... | 6-7 | 48-52 in.. | 8 00 to 10 00 |
| 9-in. pots.... | 6-7 | 56-60 in.. | 12 00 to 15 00 |
| Specimen plants..... | | | 20 00 to 35 00 |

Forsteriana. Similar in formation of leaf to the *K. Belmoreana*, and makes a taller plant. Has strong growth.

| Single Plants | Leaves | Height | Each |
|----------------------|--------|---------------|------------------|
| 5-in. pots.... | 6 | 24-26 in..... | \$1 50 |
| 6-in. pots.... | 6 | 30-34 in..... | 2 50 |
| 7-in. pots.... | 6 | 36-40 in.. | \$4 00 to 5 00 |
| Made-up Plants | | Height | Each |
| 8-in. tubs..... | | 46-48 in..... | \$8 00 |
| 8-in. tubs..... | | 50-54 in..... | 10 00 |
| 10-in. tubs..... | | 56-58 in..... | 12 00 |
| 12-in. tubs..... | | 60-64 in..... | 15 00 |
| 12-in. tubs..... | | 5½-6 ft.. | \$18 00 to 20 00 |
| Specimen plants..... | | | 22 50 to 35 00 |

LATANIA borbonica. One of the most useful of the Palms, having broad, fan-shaped leaves. 6-in. pots, \$1.50 to \$2 each; 7-in. pots, \$3 each.

LIVISTONA rotundifolia. A small, round, fan-shaped leaf of great value. 5-in. pots, \$1.50 each.

PHŒNIX Roebelenii. The best of all the Phœnix family and a Palm that is very popular for room decoration. It is of vigorous growth and its gracefully recurving leaves with narrow, dark green pinnae, give it a lightness and airiness not surpassed by any other Palm. Each

| | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| 5 and 6-in. pots..... | \$2 00 to \$3 00 |
| Tubs, specimen plants..... | 20 00 to 25 00 |



Garden Roses for Fall Planting

Roses planted at this season immediately develop a strong growth of new roots and are, therefore, well established when the growing season again commences, producing a greater number of flowers and a more vigorous growth than spring-planted stock could be expected to do.

Ample protection can be provided by drawing the soil around each plant to a height of 12 to 15 inches. This should be top-dressed with a generous covering of leaves or litter, but not until after the soil has become thoroughly frozen, the object being to keep the soil frozen rather than to exclude frost.

Climbing Roses may be readily protected by laying the growths on the ground and covering as above. Tree Roses should be carefully bent over until the top can be covered on the ground and staked in this position. The stem, being entirely hardy, requires no covering.

The varieties offered are strong 2-year plants now established in 5, 6, or 7-inch pots and can be transplanted without suffering the slightest check; or dormant, field-grown stock ready for October planting. Many varieties not listed here can be supplied for spring planting.

SELECT EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES

Heavy, 2-year plants from pots, ready for immediate planting, 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz., \$45 per 100, except where noted

Pink and Blended Shades

Antoine Rivoire. Soft, rosy flesh on a yellow ground; large, full, and very free.

Caroline Testout. Bright satiny pink; large, full flowers; free and always reliable.

Cleveland. New. Very large, full flowers of splendid form. Color deep, glowing pink, petals flushed with coppery yellow at the base. Very free and of good growth. \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.

Dorothy Page Roberts. Coppery pink, suffused apricot-yellow. A unique, large-petaled Rose of indescribable shadings; a garden variety of great merit.

Edgar M. Burnett. Large, full flowers of good form, with large, flesh-colored petals tinted rose. Very fragrant.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock. Carmine, changing to imperial pink; large fragrant blooms.

Killarney Brilliant. A sport from the original Killarney Rose, but much more intense and rich in color, varying from bright pink to deep rosy carmine.

Killarney Queen. Brilliant cerise, shading to light pink at the base of petals. An improved and more vigorous form of Killarney.

Konigin Carola. An enormous, but well-formed flower, on the style of Caroline Testout. Color satiny rose, reverse of petals silvery white. Excellent habit.

Lady Alice Stanley. Deep, clear rose color; inside of the bloom pale flesh; blooms large, of great substance, and are produced freely. The Rose is exceptionally hardy and very attractive.

Maman Cochet. Tea. Beautiful rose-pink intermingled with bright rose. One of the most reliable garden Roses.

Miss Cynthia Forde. Deep, brilliant, rose-pink, shading to an attractive, light, rosy pink. An unusually well-built, large Rose, of good habit, flowering profusely at all times. Delightfully fragrant.

Mrs. Wallace Rowe. A garden Rose of unusual merit. Large, well-formed flowers produced freely throughout the season. Color, sweet-pea-mauve, toning to a pleasing shade of carmine-pink, a unique and pretty color combination. Growth vigorous. Can be recommended without hesitation.

Ophelia. Salmon-pink, shaded with rose; large, well-formed flowers carried on long, rigid stems and produced continually. One of the best Roses for any purpose sent out in recent years.

Prince de Bulgarie. Deep rosy flesh, shaded with salmon. A beautiful, decorative Rose of largest size.

Radiance. Brilliant carmine-pink with yellow shadings at the petal base. One of the finest garden Roses ever sent out.

Souvenir du President Carnot. Flesh, shaded white; an attractive flower of large size, excellent form, and useful for cutting.

PINK AND BLENDED SHADES OF EVERBLOOMING
HYBRID TEA ROSES, continued

Willowmere. Rich shrimp-pink, toning to carmine-pink toward the edges of the petals. The beautiful coral-red buds are carried on stout flower-stalks, and open into very large, full flowers. A decided improvement on the popular "Lyon" rose, which it much resembles. Strong 2-year plants, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Wm. R. Smith. One of the finest garden Roses of American origin. Color creamy white, flushed and suffused with bright rosy pink, somewhat similar to Maman Cochet.

White

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. Soft, pearly white, shading to creamy yellow. Very double and sweetly fragrant. The formation of the flower is exquisite.

Mrs. Herbert Stevens. White, with fawn shading toward the center; long, pointed blooms of excellent form. A vigorous-growing variety, wonderfully free.

Molly Sharman-Crawford. Delicate eau-de-nil-white, opening to dazzling white; large, full, perfectly formed fragrant flowers of excellent keeping quality. Free and continuous.

Panama. New. Delicate flesh, shading to clear white. A vigorous, free-flowering seedling of Frau Karl Druschki. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

White Maman Cochet. A pure white sport of Maman Cochet; highly recommended as one of our best white garden Roses. Occasionally tinged blush or rose.

White Killarney. A pure white sport of Killarney, showing a slight trace of pink during the hot mid-summer days. Strong in growth, free flowering, and very fragrant.

Yellow, Orange, and Salmon Hybrid
Tea Roses

Gorgeous. Deep orange-yellow, flushed copper-yellow, heavily veined with reddish copper. A bedding Rose of excellent habit and an exhibition Rose of the first magnitude. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Harry Kirk. Tea. Deep sulphur-yellow, passing to a lighter shade at the petal margins. The growth is robust for a Tea Rose, being equal to the more vigorous Hybrid Teas. The flowers are large, with enormous petals of unusual substance, and are produced freely throughout the season.

Imogene. New. Orange-yellow, varying to light yellow as the flower opens. Dwarf habit; very free. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

Lady Hillingdon. Deep golden yellow in color, the finest and most highly colored of all the yellow Roses.

Louise Catherine Breslau. Pernetiana. Coral-red, shaded with chrome-yellow; flowers large, very full, and globular; very free. Growth vigorous, with attractive, glossy foliage; very fine.

Mme. Colette Martinet. Golden yellow, changing to old-gold shaded with orange-yellow in the open flower. Long, well-formed buds opening into medium-sized globular flowers; spreading, branching habit, vigorous growth; attractive, reddish green foliage; good for garden or greenhouse culture. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

Mme. Edmond Rostand. Color pale flesh, shaded with salmon and reddish yellow in the center; large, very full, globular flowers. An improvement on Prince de Bulgarie.

Mme. Leon Paine. Silvery salmon, center shading from yellow to orange; large, full flowers produced in profusion.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Deep Indian yellow, shading to primrose-yellow, occasionally washed salmon-pink in the open flower.

Old-Gold. A free and dainty garden Rose, producing graceful, semi-double flowers profusely throughout the season. Color reddish orange, with coppery red and apricot shadings, particularly beautiful in the bud stage. Healthy, dark green foliage.

Primerose. Large, full flowers of splendid form and delicious fragrance. Color, deep melon-yellow, intensified toward autumn with apricot shadings. A grand garden and exhibition Rose.



Willowmere

Red and Crimson

Admiral Ward. Beautiful crimson-red, shaded fiery red and deep crimson; blackish red in the bud stage; large, full, globular flowers with immense petals somewhat curved. Vigorous grower; spreading but erect habit, a splendid trait. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

Cardinal. Rich cardinal-red; large, full, and very free. A garden Rose of excellent habit.

Crimson Champion. A sterling variety introduced by us during the spring of 1916, and one which has proved of more than usual merit. In color it is a glowing crimson-scarlet, overlaid deep velvety crimson. The flowers are large, well formed, and produced in the greatest profusion throughout the entire season. A fine garden Rose. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

Ecarlate. A vigorous, free-branching Rose, flowering profusely throughout the season. The flower is not full, but is of an intensely brilliant scarlet, which, combined with its freedom, places the variety among the best of the purely decorative garden varieties.

Etoile de France. Dark crimson-velvet, center vivid cerise; large, cup-shaped flowers.

General Janssen. Deep, glowing carmine; large, full, deep flowers; finely formed buds carried on erect, robust stems; very fragrant. An excellent Rose for bedding and cutting purposes.

General MacArthur. Large, deep, velvety scarlet flowers usually borne singly on long, rigid stems, but of a good branching habit. Remarkably free in flowering, even under the most unfavorable weather conditions. One of the very best Roses of its color.

George C. Waud. Large, full, perfectly formed tea-scented flowers, opening well. The color, glowing orange-vermilion, is distinct and unique; free and continuous. A fine garden and bedding Rose.

Gruss an Teplitz. Bright scarlet-crimson, with vivid, fiery red center; quite hardy and extremely free flowering. This variety is essentially a garden Rose, and we recommend it with the utmost confidence.

Hoosier Beauty. Deep, glowing crimson with darker shadings; large, beautifully formed flowers carried on vigorous, branching stems. A splendid garden Rose and a forcing variety of great merit. Strong, 2-year plants, from pots, 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

*Red Radiance*

RED AND CRIMSON EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES, continued

Laurent Carle. Brilliant, velvety carmine; long bud, opening into a large, well-formed, fragrant flower; vigorous and very free flowering.

Red Radiance. Introduced by us in 1916. A splendid cerise-red form of the popular Radiance, equally good in every respect but of more vigorous growth; a fine acquisition. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

Rhea Reid. Vigorous in growth, with heavy, double flowers. Color cherry-crimson, strongly resembling General MacArthur. An excellent Rose for bedding and cut-flowers.

Richmond. A well-known Rose, scarlet-crimson in color; an excellent forcing and garden variety; very fragrant and free flowering. It is particularly good in early summer.

HARDY REMONTANT or HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

The varieties of this type are quite hardy and, while they require little attention when once established, they are benefited by a slight winter protection. A number of the varieties will produce splendid flowers during the autumn.

50c. each, \$5 per doz., \$35 per 100, except where noted

Alfred Colomb. Bright cherry-red, shaded with crimson; of fine, globular form and very sweet.

Anne de Diesbach. Clear, bright carmine-rose; fragrant, free, and continuous. An exceptionally large and finely shaped flower.

Baron de Bonstetten (Monsieur Boncenne). Velvety, blackish crimson; large and full.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES, continued

Baroness Rothschild. Pale flesh; very large, full superb in form. A chaste and beautiful Rose.

Captain Hayward. Bright carmine-crimson; large petaled flowers opening well; fragrant and free. A fine garden Rose.

Clio. Very delicate flesh-color, center shaded pale pink; large, full, and globular. A fine garden variety, resembling Margaret Dickson in growth, but more free and certain in flowering.

Fisher Holmes. Rich crimson, shaded scarlet; large, full, and of good form. Very free and showy.

Frau Karl Druschki. Pure white in color; perfect form, free and continuous. The best white garden Rose.

General Jacqueminot. This magnificent variety, known for over a half-century as the "Jack Rose," is entirely too well known to require description. Flaming scarlet.

George Arends. Large, full, delicate rose-pink flowers deliciously scented. Very free; one of the finest recent additions.

George Dickson. New. Velvety black, shaded crimson, veined crimson-maroon; fragrant and of splendid substance and form. Another splendid addition to this class.

Hugh Dickson. Brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet. A magnificent Rose of good size and excellent form; free and fragrant.

J. B. Clark. Although sent out as a Hybrid Tea, this Rose has the characteristics of the Hybrid Remontant in this climate, and grown as such is a magnificent garden Rose. Large, double, intense scarlet flowers, produced profusely during June and July, and occasionally later.

Juliet. Large, full flowers of novel and distinct coloring. Outside of petals old-gold, interior rich, rosy red, changing to deep rose as the flower opens. Fragrant and beautiful when well established.

Mme. Gabriel Luizet. Large, full flowers, cup-shaped in form. Pale clear pink in color; very fragrant.

Madame Ruau. Carmine-pink; reverse, base and petal edges shaded yellow; very large, full flowers produced freely. Vigorous growth. 2-year plants, from pots only.

Magna Charta. Bright pink suffused with carmine; vigorous in growth and very hardy. A beautiful and well-known variety.

Mlle. Louise Crette. A pure white seedling from Frau Karl Druschki, producing flowers of more substance; sent out as an improvement on that fine variety. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

Miss Annie Crawford. A new addition to this class, resembling Mrs. John Laing in habit, but of a more vigorous, upright growth and producing very large flowers. Color, a lighter shade of pink than Mrs. John Laing. Those who admire this sterling old favorite will welcome this introduction.

Mrs. John Laing. Well-formed flowers, soft pink in color; long-stemmed flowers produced freely throughout the season. One of the best bedding Roses.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Deep velvety crimson; full, fine form.

Soleil d'Or (Sun of Gold). Orange-yellow, varying to nasturtium-red and reddish gold; large, full flowers. Very hardy.

Ulrich Brunner. Cherry-red; flowers large, full, and of globular form. A hardy and free-flowering garden Rose of innumerable good qualities.

MOSS ROSES

Roses that are very attractive in the border or shrubbery planting. The buds are surrounded by a mossy covering that makes the flower attractive and unique.

The addition of a few Moss Roses adds variety to the collection.

50 cts. each, \$5 per doz., \$35 per 100

Blanche Moreau. Pure white; large, full, and very fragrant.

Crested Moss. Pink in color; very distinct.

Red Moss. Best of the type. Hardy and vigorous.

ROSA RUGOSA and HYBRIDS

These exceedingly hardy Roses are natives of Japan and thrive in almost any soil or situation. They are used extensively for hedging, massing among shrubbery, and seashore planting. The flowers are mostly single.

50 cts. each, \$5 per doz., \$35 per 100

Conrad F. Meyer. Clear silvery rose; resembling the variety La France; very vigorous grower; fragrant.

Nova Zembla. A pure white sport from Conrad F. Meyer. Large, full, fragrant flowers. Very hardy and free.

Rugosa. Bright pink, single flowers. Strong, 2-year plants, from pots, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$25 per 100; dormant plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$20 per 100.

Rugosa alba. A pure white form. Strong, 2-year plants, from pots, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$25 per 100; dormant plants, for delivery not later than April 25, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$20 per 100.

BABY RAMBLERS AND DWARF TYPES

35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$25 per 100

Clothilde Soupert. Tea Polyantha. This variety, which has been a favorite for many years, is still deserving a place in the garden. It is a wonderful producer and is in bloom continuously. It is hardy enough to withstand the New England winters. The outer petals are pure white, shading to a delicate pink at the center.

Echo. New. An everblooming, dwarf form of Tausendschön; free flowering; excellent bedding Rose.

Ellen Poulsen. Brilliant rosy pink; large, full, sweetly scented flowers. The foliage is healthy, dark green, and does not mildew. A fine bedding Rose.

Erna Teschendorf. Bright carmine in color and very free flowering. It is the brightest and one of the best in this type.

Jessie. Bright cherry-red in color, with a white eye.

Mrs. Louise Welter (Baby Tausendschön). A charming Rose that is similar to Tausendschön in flower, with the habit of the Polyantha varieties. It is a perpetual bloomer and a valuable acquisition to any Rose-garden.

Mrs. Wm. Cutbush. A beautiful shade of pink in color and a very profuse bloomer.

Orleans. Brilliant cerise in color, with white eye at center. A very fine variety.

Phyllis. Carmine-pink flowers, produced continuously; one of the best.

Rodhette. Clear cherry-red; semi-double; very free. A superb variety for massing.

Triomphe Orleanais. Large, individual flowers in splendid trusses. Attractive, vigorous growth; bright cherry-red which does not fade or purple. A great improvement on the popular Baby Rambler. Strong, 2-year plants, from pots, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Yvonne Rabier. A recent addition, of bushy, branching habit, producing feathery panicles of pure white flowers in constant succession. The best white Polyantha Rose yet raised for massing and bedding. A most effective variety for grouping among low shrubbery. Strong, 2-year plants, from pots, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

MEMORIAL or EVERGREEN TRAILING ROSES

This group includes the true Memorial Rose, *Rosa Wichuraiana*, and its hybrids that are of creeping or trailing habit. They are of special value as ground-covers and are used to clothe steep banks, ramble over rocks, low walls, etc.

35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$25 per 100

Evergreen Gem. Buff, changing to creamy white; very double flowers; delicately perfumed; handsome foliage.

MEMORIAL ROSES, continued

Gardenia. Bright yellow, paler as flower expands. Blooms profusely and is very vigorous. A desirable variety.

Pink Roamer. Bright, rich pink, single flowers in clusters; showy white center and prominent orange-red stamens. Vigorous growth.

Wichuraiana. The True Memorial Rose. A valuable trailing species recently introduced from Japan. Pure white, single flowers, with showy, golden yellow anthers, produced in clusters. The growths creep rapidly on the ground, forming a dense mat of glossy, dark green foliage. Used extensively for cemetery planting and for covering steep embankments. Will grow in almost any location and in almost any soil.

HARDY CLIMBING AND RAMBLING ROSES

Strong plants from pots, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz. of one variety, except where otherwise noted

American Pillar. Bright pink, clear eye; showy yellow stamens; very good.

Christine Wright. Bright wild-rose-pink; large flowers. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Climbing American Beauty. Rosy carmine; a fine new climber. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Dr. Van Fleet. Flesh-pink, deepening to rosy flesh; large flowers. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Dorothy Perkins. Soft light pink; a very popular Rose.

Excelsa. Crimson-maroon, tinged scarlet; the best red Rambler.

Hiawatha. Brilliant carmine; distinct white eye; a fine single variety.

Lady Gay. Delicate cerise-pink; much like Dorothy Perkins.

Leuchstern. Bright rose-pink; large white eye.

Newport Fairy. Single, deep pink flowers, shaded light pink.

Silver Moon. Large, silvery white, semi-double flowers, with prominent yellow stamens; very attractive. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

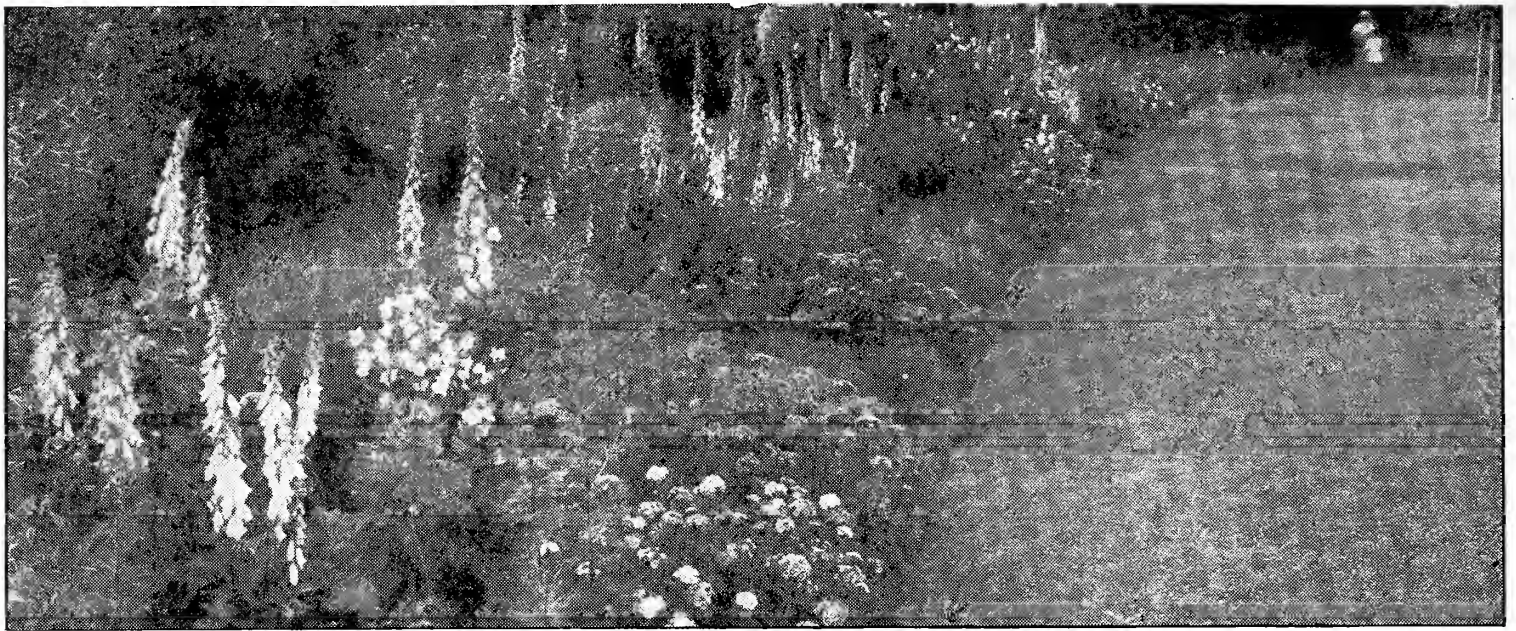
Sodenia. Carmine-red, shading toward pink; large trusses.

Tausendschon. Soft, variable pink; large trusses; one of the best.

White Dorothy Perkins. A white counterpart of the popular Dorothy Perkins.



Climbing American Beauty



Hardy Perennials

FOR FALL PLANTING

There is no period of all the season more convenient for establishing a hardy garden or for the re-arrangement of the old-fashioned border than during the late autumn or fall. New subjects which have impressed the planter during the season will be fresh in mind and more apt to be included than if the planting is delayed until spring; and the plants, being better established, will make a finer showing the first season.

A covering of salt hay, leaves, or any light material will be sufficient protection if applied in late November or after the ground is frozen to the depth of an inch or more. Heavy covering with green manure should be avoided, or smothering will result.

This is not intended for a complete list. Varieties which can be planted to better advantage in spring are omitted and will be included in our 1918 Handbook.

Achillea · Milfoil, or Yarrow

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Ptarmica, Boule de Neige. A more desirable and compact form of The Pearl.

Ptarmica, The Pearl. Pure, double white flowers, flowering freely during the summer. 2 feet.

Ptarmica, Perry's White. New. A splendid improvement on all other varieties, the individual flowers being twice as large and completely double, entirely concealing the center of the flower. The clear white sprays are excellent for cutting. A most useful plant for the border.



Aquilegia (Columbine)

Alyssum · Madwort

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Rostratum. Golden yellow flowers during June and July; somewhat shrubby in growth. 18 to 24 inches.

Saxatile compactum. Gold Dust. An indispensable rock and border plant, producing showy flowers in broad heads during early summer. 1 foot.

Anemone · Windflower

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Pennsylvanicum. Pennsylvania Windflower. A pretty, native variety, producing large white flowers from June to August. 12 to 18 inches.

Sylvestris. Snowdrop Anemone. A lovely variety bearing, during May and June, drooping white flowers which resemble Snowdrops.

Aquilegia · Columbine

A popular subject, flowering during late spring and early summer; quite hardy.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Alpina superba. A rare species from the Swiss Alps. Large, spreading flowers of an intense blue shade.

Canadensis. Native Columbine; red and yellow.

Chrysantha. Sutton's Long-spurred. A splendid strain with well-developed spurs and beautifully blended colors.

Veitch's Long-spurred. A noted European strain of the long-spurred Chrysantha type in the choicest colors. Undoubtedly the finest existing selection.

Arabis · Rock-Cress

Alpina. One of the finest plants for the border, rocky, or for edging; pure white flowers completely obscuring the foliage. April and May. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Alpina fl.-pl. Sprays of pure white, double flowers, produced abundantly; very fragrant. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Armeria • Thrift

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Neat-growing plants of dwarf, compact habit, forming evergreen tufts from which numerous bright flowers appear during the season. They succeed well in any soil and are valuable for the rockery.

Maritima. Completely studded with bright red flowers. 6 to 9 inches.

Maritima alba. A pretty white form of the above.

Artemisia

Lactiflora. A new and distinct variety, producing stately spikes of fragrant, spirea-like flowers from August to October. Valuable. 4 to 5 feet. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Hardy Asters (Michælmass Daisies)

Among fall-flowering subjects, these Hardy Asters stand unrivaled for extreme profusion of bloom and showiness. The many brilliant shades are invaluable for garden decoration and for cutting. Flowering at a period when desirable material is scarce, their bright hues dominate the hardy garden.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIETIES

25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., except where noted

Colwall Pink. A splendid, new, semi-double variety, clear pink in color.

Climax. Novi-belgii. In this new variety we have undoubtedly the finest of all Michælmass Daisies. Pyramidal-formed flower-stems, heavily branched and covered with attractive, light lavender-blue flowers from late August until October. Height 5 feet.

Glen Eyrie. A wonderful variety of the Novæ-angliæ type, which we secured in Colorado. Color bright pink, shading to a lovely lavender-pink, a most effective color when massed. The growth is very strong and upright, yet heavily branching. A grand addition to this group. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Glory of Colwall. Very large, double, pink flowers of perfect form and upright, branched growth. September and October. 4 feet.

Elsie Perry. Novi-belgii. Glistening rose-pink; a splendid acquisition in this color. 2½ feet. September.

Esther. Novi-belgii. Graceful sprays of small, star-shaped flowers, a pretty shade of blush-rose. 2½ feet. September.

Grandiflorus. A splendid variety, entirely distinct from all others. The flowers are a lovely deep shade of violet and quite large. One of the latest to flower. October or November. 2½ feet.

Loreley. Novi-belgii. Pure white, one of the finest in this color. 4½ feet. September. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

St. Egwin. Large, pure pink flowers, carried on densely covered branches flowering from the ground up and always attractive. Very useful for grouping.

HARDY ASTERS—GENERAL LIST

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., 12 per 100.

Acris. Violet-blue, starry flowers; compact habit. August to September. 2½ feet.

Beauty of Colwall. Ageratum-blue, double flowers on stout, erect stems. Distinct. August. 3 to 4 feet.

Lil Fardel. Bright mauve; very showy. September and October. 4 feet.

Mrs. F. W. Raynor. Deep crimson; large flowers. September and October. 4 feet.

Thirza. Pale blue, suffused pink; semi-double. September and October. 4 to 5 feet.

Thos. Ware. Attractive rosy lilac; large flowers. One of the best. 3½ feet.

Top Sawyer. Parma-violet; very effective; well-shaped flowers. September and October. 4 feet.

White Queen. A splendid, pure white. September and October. 4 feet.

Boltonia • False Chamomile

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Asteroides. One of the most effective, late-flowering perennials, producing aster-like flowers in quantity. Very showy. August and September. 5 to 7 feet.

Latisquama. Pink, faintly tinged lavender. 5 to 6 ft.

Campanula • Bellflower

A splendid group of old garden favorites, some of which, however, give best results from spring planting. We offer only the varieties that may be successfully planted during fall.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100, except where noted

Carpatica. A neat and compact rockery or border plant. Bright, porcelain-like blue flowers, growing erect on short, wiry stems. June to August.

Carpatica alba. A pure white form of the preceding.

Carpatica Riverslea. Rich violet-blue, large, expanding, flat flowers. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Persicifolia. Erect slender stems; blue, cup-shaped flowers. A splendid variety for the garden and most desirable for cutting. 2 feet. June and July.

Persicifolia alba grandiflora. Pure white flowers of immense size. June and July. 2 to 3 feet.

Centaurea • Perennial Cornflower

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Montana. Large, violet-blue flowers; splendid for cutting. July and August. 2 feet.

Montana alba. A good white form of the above.

Cerastium • Snow-in-Summer

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100

Biebersteinii. Snowy white flowers in masses. Bright silvery foliage. Excellent for border or rock-garden.

Tomentosum. Rather smaller in leaf and flower than the preceding, and more compact. Pure white.

Chelone • Shell Flower

Lyoni. Heads of showy flowers of a rosy pink shade, carried in clusters during July and August. 3 to 4 feet. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.



Hardy Asters

Chrysanthemum maximum**Shasta Daisy**

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12 per 100, except where noted

Alaska. A strong but compact-growing variety; flowers pure, glistening white, 4 to 5 inches in diameter; very free flowering.

King Edward VII. Enormous cup-shaped flowers, carried on strong stems. Pure, snowy white. 3 to 4 ft.

Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell. A splendid variety with extra-large flowers on strong stems, flowering throughout summer. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Coreopsis • Tickseed

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100; extra large, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Lanceolata grandiflora. Rich, golden yellow flowers, produced in great profusion during the latter part of June. Excellent for massing or cutting. Blooms more or less later in the season if the old flowers are removed from time to time and not permitted to seed. An excellent and popular hardy-garden plant.

Delphinium • Hardy Larkspur

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100, except where noted

Belladonna, Fanny Stormoth. An extremely free-flowering variety with slender but erect stems, bearing large flowers of a lovely sky-blue color, and flowering from June throughout the summer.



Delphinium formosum

DELPHINIUM, continued

Belladonna, Sutton's. An European strain that produces true from seed; pure pale blue; splendid habit.

Chinense. A very attractive dwarf, blue-flowering variety, with fine-cut, feathery foliage. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Chinense album. A pure white form of the above. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Formosum. The popular dark blue variety, with distinct white eye.

Hybridum. Cromwell Gardens' Strain. A selection of the finest types, in dark or light blue shades.

Hybridum. Seedlings. From finest named varieties which, although they do not always come true to name, are superior to mixed strains. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100.

Dianthus barbatus • Sweet William

There is a vast difference in the improved strains of this old-fashioned favorite and those usually found in gardens. The enormous trusses, with their rich coloring, are unequaled among hardy-garden plants, and their unusual effectiveness would warrant their more extensive use for bedding and grouping. The best results are obtained from fall planting, when a light mulch of strawy manure should be provided. We offer a selection that cannot be surpassed.

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Pink Beauty. A beautiful shade of pink; distinct.

Scarlet. Intense glowing scarlet; very effective.

Giant White. Enormous trusses of purest white.

Harlequin. Individual flowers made up of various bright shades; excellent for massing.

Pheasant's Eye. Large heads of rich crimson flowers, each showing a distinct white eye.

Deep Crimson. Deep, rich crimson; enormous flower-trusses; one of the most striking colors when massed.

Dianthus • Hardy Pinks

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100

Deltoides. Maiden Pink. Prostrate growth; pretty pink flowers in masses.

Albus. A pretty, pure white form.

Plumarius. Garden Pinks. A choice selection of mixed colors; spicy fragrance. Excellent for bordering and massing.

Plumarius nanus fl.-pl. Double-flowering Spice Pinks. A new strain containing beautiful colors and markings, and a large percentage of double, beautifully fringed flowers. Very fragrant.

Dielytra • Bleeding-Heart

Spectabilis. Heart-shaped flowers in graceful, drooping racemes; an old-fashioned favorite. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Digitalis • Foxglove

The stately, elegant spikes, combined with the bold, massive foliage of this old-fashioned favorite, make it equally effective, grouped in the garden or naturalized in semi-shaded locations of the woodland. They succeed under the most adverse conditions.

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100

Gloxiniæflora. A beautiful strain of finely spotted flowers. White, purple, rose, or mixed colors.

Grandiflora. Pale yellow flowers with darker veining.

Doronicum • Leopard's Bane

A splendid, early-flowering perennial, producing numerous bright yellow flowers early in spring. Very effective when massed and one of the finest hardy plants for cut-flower purposes at that season. Hardy and of the easiest culture.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Caucasicum. Bright yellow, daisy-like flowers, freely produced. 12 inches.

Plantagineum. Orange-yellow, large flowers. 2 feet

Eupatorium • Conoclinium

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Ageratoides. Pure white flowers, produced freely in heads. An excellent plant for the border or wild planting. Vigorous growth. Aug. to Sept. 4 feet.

Celestinum. Similar to the above; light blue flowers in quantity. August to October. 2½ feet.

Funkia • Plantain Lily

Broad, heavy-leaved plants, producing massive clumps of foliage that are attractive when grouped in the border or used for edging, succeeding equally well in shade or full sun. Interesting lily-like flowers.

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100

Cærulea. Broad, handsome, green leaves; light blue.

Subcordata grandiflora. Handsome spikes of large, pure white, fragrant blossoms; broad, glossy, light green leaves.

Undulata media picta. Foliage variegated green and white; flowers purple, very attractive.

Gaillardia • Blanket Flower

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Grandiflora maxima. Large petals, variably marked with crimson, orange, and vermilion, surrounding a dark brown center.

Kelway's Exhibition Strain. A selection from exhibition varieties only, obtained direct from the grower. Admittedly the best strain in existence.

Galega • Goat's Rue

Useful border plants doing well in any soil, but requiring plenty of room. The interesting, pea-shaped flowers are borne profusely in racemes and are valuable for cutting.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Officinalis alba. Erect branching stems of white flowers.

Carnea plena. Semi-double, reddish flowers.

Geum • Avena

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100, except where noted

Atrosanguineum fl.-pl. A useful and attractive plant for the hardy border or rock-garden. Showy, blood-red flowers, produced in graceful profusion. 2 ft.

Coccineum, Mrs. W. J. Bradshaw. New. Brilliant, double crimson flowers; a great improvement. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Heldreichii splendens. Large, deep, orange-colored flowers produced freely from May to October. 12 in.

Globularia • Globe Daisy

Trichosanthea. A pretty, compact-growing plant, suitable for rock-garden planting or bordering. Blue, daisy-like flowers and attractive foliage. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Gypsophila • Baby's Breath

The Gypsophilas are plants of the easiest possible culture, preferring an open, rather dry location. Flowering in masses of graceful, mist-like blossoms, they are very desirable for border plantings. The flowers when cut are excellent for making bouquets.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Cerastioides. A splendid variety for the rockery, producing small white flowers with pink markings from June to August. 3 inches.

Paniculata. Flowers in masses of minute, pure white blossoms. A fine decorative or cut-flower subject.

Repens. A very pretty trailing plant for the rockery. Small white flowers in quantity during July and August.

*Helenium autumnale***Helenium • Sneezewort**

Very handsome border plants, the later varieties of which make a gorgeous showing during the autumn months, with their masses of bright yellow or terra-cotta flowers.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100, except where noted

Autumnale superbum. Pale golden yellow flowers in gigantic heads. August to September. 5 feet.

Autumnale rubrum. Bright terra-cotta or wall-flower-red. One of the finest of the late-flowering plants. August to September. 4 feet. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Grandicephalum striatum. Large heads of showy flowers; deep orange marked with crimson. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Hoopesii. Large, deep yellow flowers, from June to September. 2 feet.

Helianthus • Rock or Sun Rose

A lovely group of dwarf, shrub-like plants extremely useful for the rockery or for fronting the hardy border, doing well in a dry, sunny location. Well established plants from pots, mixed colors, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Heliopsis • Orange Sunflower

Pitcheriana. Deep golden yellow, sunflower-like blossoms from July to September. 3 feet. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Scabra zinniaeflora. A new, double-flowering form somewhat resembling a Zinna; golden yellow flowers during July and August. 2 feet. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Hemerocallis • Yellow Day Lily

Beautiful, hardy border plants; handsome, fragrant flowers, produced in abundance. Very hardy.

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., except where noted

Apricot. Rich golden yellow blossoms; deliciously fragrant. A lovely new variety. June. 2½ feet. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

HEMEROCALLIS, continued

Aurantiaca major. A fine Japanese introduction of vigorous habit. Large, deep orange-colored flowers freely produced. June and July. 2 feet. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Fulva. Large, orange-bronze, trumpet-like flowers. June and July. 3 feet.

Fulva fl.-pl. A good, double-flowering form of the preceding variety. June and July.

Gold Dust. Bright Indian yellow, buds and reverses of petals bronzy gold. Very free flowering. May and June. 2½ feet.

Queen of the May. A valuable new variety, producing large flowers of a rich Indian yellow, on stems varying from 3 to 5 feet. May until midsummer. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

Heuchera · Alum Root

Dwarf border or rockery subjects with graceful long-stemmed flowers, produced in airy panicles from June to September. An excellent cut-flower. 18 inches.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Gracillima. Panicles of pretty rose-tinted flowers on slender stems.

Sanguinea alba. Loose, graceful spikes of pure white.

Sanguinea splendens. Bright, attractive crimson.

Iberis · Hardy Candytuft

The densely clustered flower-heads completely obscure the evergreen foliage in spring; an excellent plant for bordering and massing in the garden or rockery.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Gibraltarica. Large, showy, white flower-heads, slightly tinged with lilac.

Sempervirens. Spreading habit of growth; flowers pure white and produced in profusion.

Inula

Ensifolia. An extremely free-flowering, dwarf plant, bearing quantities of bright yellow flowers. July and August. 9 inches. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.



Hemerocallis fulva

Iris germanica · German Iris

The almost unlimited range of colors and attractive combinations displayed in this group surely warrants the rather apt description "the poor man's Orchid." Assuredly, it is the Orchid of the garden since the addition of recent varieties with their Cattleya shades and exquisite markings. Doing well in any reasonably good soil and location, their culture is simple. When planting, avoid fresh manure and plant merely deep enough to cover the roots properly. A mulch of well-decayed manure should be applied in early winter. Once established, the Iris is practically permanent.

35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., except where noted

NEW AND RARE VARIETIES

Caprice. Standards rosy red; falls shading to a deeper red. Dwarf in habit and very free. A distinct and splendid variety.

Dorothea. Standards milky white, flushed blue; falls lavender white with deeper blue markings. Very dwarf.

Halfdan. Standards and falls creamy white, flowers large and of good substance; very dwarf.

Mrs. G. Reuthe. Standards white, veined blue-gray; falls white, frilled soft blue. Very large and handsome.

Monsignor. Standards rich, satiny violet; falls overlaid rich purple-crimson with lighter margin. Fine large flower. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Tamerlane. Deep violet-purple falls, with paler standards.

CHOICE GERMAN IRISES

Amas. A large-flowered variety from Asia Minor. Standards rich blue; falls violet. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Her Majesty. Standards pale pink; falls dark rose. A rare variety. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

King of Iris. Standards clear yellow; falls very large, deep satiny brown with a broad border of golden yellow. A very desirable novelty.

Lohengrin. Standards and falls a uniform shade of soft cattleya-rose. Very large flowers.

Mandaliscæ. Deep lavender-purple. Vigorous growth and splendid flower. An early variety. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Mrs. H. Darwin. Clear white standards; the falls slightly veined violet at the base. Very free and beautiful. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Pallida dalmatica. One of the finest of the German Irises. Strong, vigorous habit; exceptionally large, fragrant flowers. Standards lavender; falls lavender, tinged purple. A variety of unusual merit. 25 cts. \$2.50 per doz.

Pallida dalmatica variegata. This rare variety is a clearly marked form of the preceding. The foliage is beautifully variegated, white and golden yellow, and is extremely attractive at all times. Growth vigorous and very decorative in character. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

Princess Victoria Louise. Standards pure sulphur-yellow; falls rich violet-plum with creamy margin. Very distinct.

Purple King. Deep, solid purple. One of the most effective in this color. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Violacea grandiflora. Standards clear lavender; falls violet-blue. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

STANDARD GERMAN IRISES

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100, except where noted

Florentina alba. Standards and falls soft gray, shading to white; very free flowering.

Honorabilis. Standards golden yellow; falls mahogany-brown.

Kharput. A splendid, early-flowering variety with violet standards and deeper violet falls. Fragrant.

L'Innocence. Deep lavender standards; white falls.

Maori King. Standards golden yellow; falls deep velvety crimson. A neat, dwarf-growing variety. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

STANDARD GERMAN IRISES, continued

- Madame Chereau.** Pure white standards and falls, delicately margined light blue.
- Mrs. Newbronner.** A splendid dark yellow.
- Othello.** Standards rich blue; falls deep velvety purple. Robust growth.
- Pallida, Queen of May.** Beautiful soft rose-lilac, nearly pink.
- Spectabilis.** Light and deep violet-purple; free and early blooming.

MIXED GERMAN IRISES

A splendid assortment of unnamed kinds, or varieties not carried in the other collections but of sufficient merit for massing in quantity or for planting in the mixed border.

10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6 per 100

Irises of Other Types

- Ochroleuca gigantea.** A handsome species, growing to a height of 5 feet. Excellent for naturalizing near the water's edge. Strong foliage; flowers white. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Orientalis.** Snow Queen. An exquisite new Iris, similar to but flowering earlier than the German Iris. Pure snow-white; graceful foliage. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Pseudacorus.** Water Flag. A semi-aquatic variety, useful for marsh or water's-edge planting. Yellow, shaded orange. May and June. 3 feet. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.
- Primula.** A dwarf-growing type suitable for the rock-garden, flowering in late spring; white, yellow, and bright blue. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Sibirica.** Siberian Iris. A splendid kind, attaining a height of 3 to 4 feet. Purplish blue flowers, very freely produced. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Iris Kaempferi • Japanese Iris

These gorgeous Irises are the most delicately beautiful of all our summer-flowering plants. They commence flowering late in June, a time when hardy flowers are most welcome. They thrive in any garden soil, but respond generously to a rich soil and plenty of water. Beds of Japanese Iris are easiest to handle if slightly countersunk. The following list comprises the most attractive varieties.

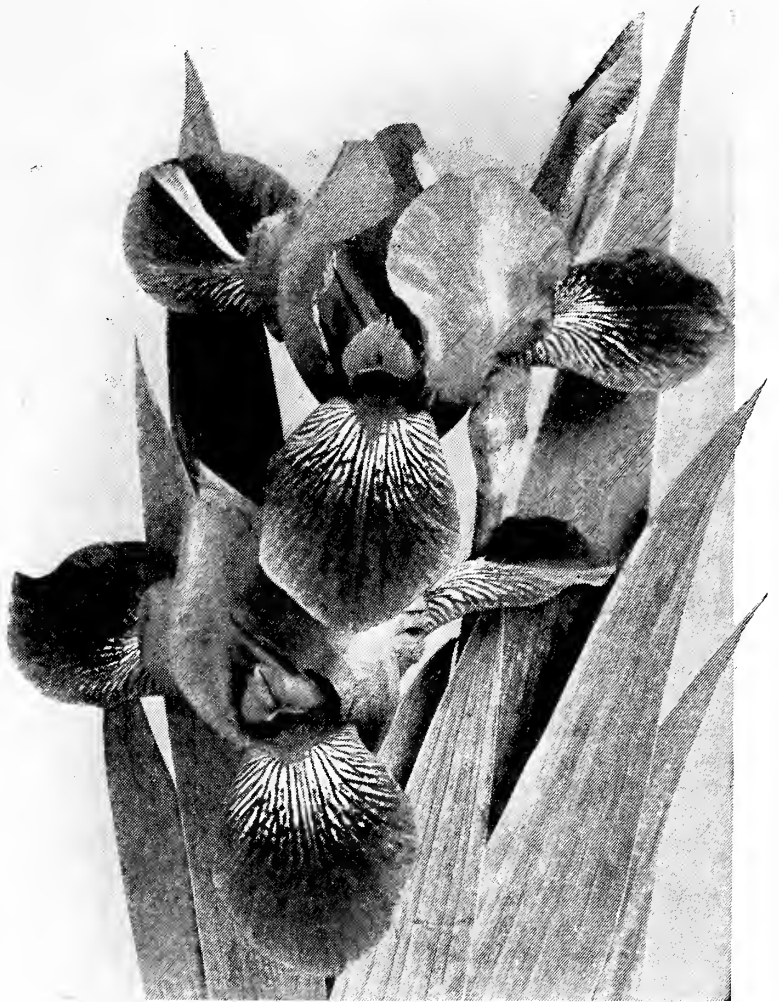
25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100

- Gekka-no-nami** (Waves under Moonlight). Earliest to bloom, and the choicest white; very free. Glistening white, with creamy white stigmas.
- Momi-yi-no-taki** (Maple Waterfall). A choice, double, variegated variety; bright crimson-purple, beautifully feathered in white. Petaloid stigmas white, purple crested.
- Purple and Gold.** Enormous double flowers, often 10 inches across; early and free blooming; one of the very best varieties. Color rich violet-purple with white petaloids tipped violet. The conspicuous golden throat extending outward in sharp bluish white rays strongly suggests a bearded wheat head.
- Gold Bound.** A fine, double, pure white, with gold-banded center.
- Eclipse.** Velvety claret-red, shaded violet, with prominent throat markings in pure gold. Flowers extremely large, with 6 wide petals, and petaloid stigmas so fully developed as to make an extra row at the center. Special.
- Mahogany.** Large, double flowers; the latest to bloom. Purple-mahogany-red; the erect petaloids prettily crested.

Liatris

Gay Feather, or Blazing Star

An attractive and interesting border subject, producing large, showy spikes on which the flowers commence opening from the top instead of from the base, as is usual in spike-bearing varieties.



German Iris

LIATRIS, continued

- Pycnostachya.** Flower-spikes densely clothed with light rosy purple flowers. August and September. 4 to 5 feet. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Graminifolia dubia.** Light, grassy foliage; rosy purple flowers. August to September. 2 feet. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Lupinus • Lupine

Stately plants, producing long spikes of pea-like flowers in wonderful profusion. Excellent for border.

25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100

- Polyphyllus.** The well-known deep blue form. Large spikes. July to September. 3 to 5 feet.
- Polyphyllus roseus.** Strong spikes of soft rose-pink flowers; very good. 3½ feet.
- Polyphyllus albus.** Showy spikes, white. An excellent border plant. August to September. 3½ feet.

Lychnis • Campion

Useful border plants of the easiest culture; attractive, showy flowers.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

- Chalcedonica.** Single Scarlet Lychnis. Large heads of bright scarlet flowers, produced from July to September. 2 to 3 feet.
- Haageana fulgens.** Dwarf growth. Showy, scarlet flowers throughout the season.
- Haageana hybrida.** A strain of the above, embracing numerous desirable colors.
- Viscaria fl.-pl.** Double flowers of a bright, dark rose; neat habit. Excellent border or rock plant. 12 in.

Lythrum • Loosestrife

- Roseum superbum.** Vigorous-growing plant; at home in almost any location; suitable for moist situations. Showy spikes of rosy purple flowers. July to September. 3 feet. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

- Roseum.** Perry's variety. A decided improvement on the preceding variety; large, cherry-red flowers produced on long spikes. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Oenothera • Evening Primrose

Showy plants of the easiest possible culture, doing well in any exposed location in the border or rockery, and flowering almost throughout the season.
20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100, except where otherwise noted

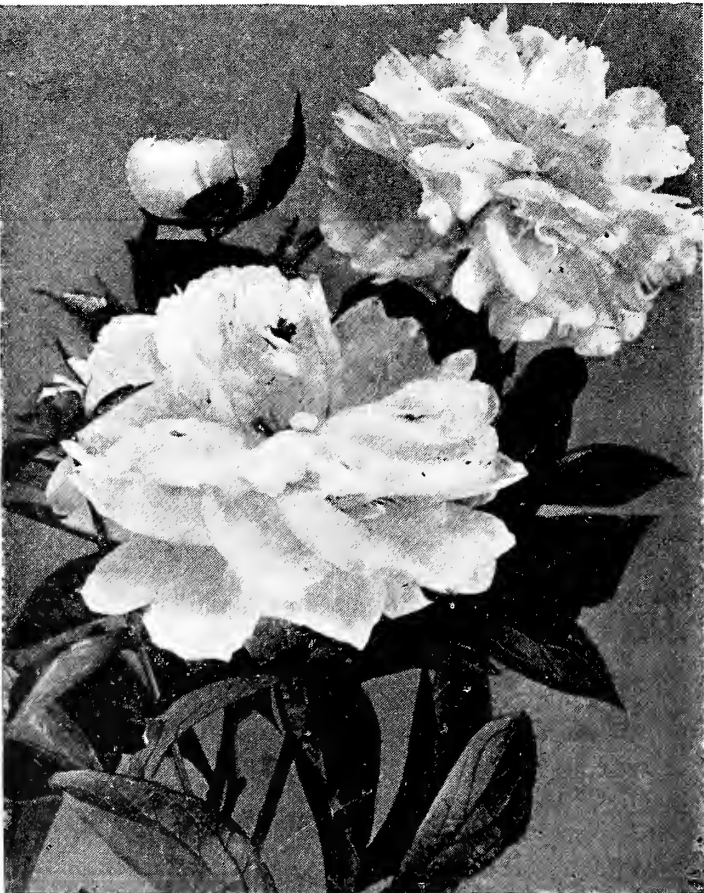
- Eldorado.** Pure golden yellow, attractive and very free.
- Fraseri.** Large, golden yellow flowers and attractive foliage. 2 feet.
- Fruticosa major.** Large, deep yellow flowers.
- Missouriensis** (*Oenothera macrocarpa*). Dwarf, trailing variety, producing large, golden yellow flowers. 9 to 12 inches.
- Pilgrimii.** Bright yellow flowers produced in large clusters. A splendid variety for massing.
- Speciosa.** A new variety of light, graceful habit; satiny white flowers in lovely sprays.
- Speciosa rosea.** A showy, bright rose-colored form of the preceding variety. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Pachysandra • Japanese Spurge

Terminalis. A low, evergreen, trailing plant with ornamental glossy foliage and of the easiest possible culture, thriving in any location—full shade or bright sun—hence a most desirable subject for ground covering where grass will not grow. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Peonies

Among hardy, flowering plants, there is none which year after year will give as great an amount of pleasure and satisfaction with so little care as the herbaceous Peony. Once planted, it remains undisturbed for years, each season increasing in size and wealth of bloom. The best time for planting Peonies is in early September, but they can be planted in perfect safety until the end of October or in early spring. Early fall planting, however, gives the best results. A deep, rich, well-manured soil should be provided, using thoroughly decayed manure. Set the roots so that the crowns will be not more than 2 or 3 inches from the surface when the soil is firmed. As the Peony, when established, is



Herbaceous Peonies

a robust grower, at least 3 feet of space should be allowed each plant.

We offer no imported stock or small divisions. Our Peonies have all been grown in the nurseries from one to three years. With ordinary care, stock planted in September will produce flowers the following season. For immediate effect, however, we recommend the extra-large, 2-year size.

Albatre. Very large flower of compact, globular form. Color, milky white with ivory shading; the wide center petals tinged lilac and edged with carmine in minute flecks, inclined to vary. A strong, upright grower and one of the best varieties in the white section. Fragrant.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$1 00 | \$9 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 2 00 | 20 00 |

Asa Gray. A large-flowered variety of the semi-rose type. Attractive shade of pale lilac, sprinkled with minute dots of deeper lilac. Quite fragrant. A distinct and valuable variety.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 1 00 | 9 00 |

Achille. Beautiful soft mauve-rose, shading to lilac-white. Erect in growth and very free. A splendid decorative or cut-flower variety.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 35 | \$3 50 |
| 2 yr..... | 50 | 5 00 |

Comata. Deep crimson of vigorous growth. One of the most satisfactory in this color.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 1 00 | 9 00 |

Couronne d'Or. Pure white with a ring of showy, yellow stamens around a center tuft of carmine-tipped petals. A splendid grower of medium height. Very free. One of the finest late whites.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 75 | 7 50 |

Duchesse de Nemours. Pure white crown with a sulphur-white collar, entirely free from markings. A robust-growing variety of medium height. Early flowering and choice in every respect.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 75 | 7 50 |

Edulis superba. Large, loose, flat crown. Bright mauve-pink, narrow collar petals shaded lilac. An early variety of strong growth and good, upright habit. Very free; pleasant in odor.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 75 | 7 50 |

Eugene Verdier. A large compact flower of typical rose type. Color pale hydrangea-pink, outer petals lilac-white; rather dwarf, erect habit, with extra-strong stems. Late blooming; very free and fragrant.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 75 | \$7 50 |
| 2 yr..... | 1 00 | 9 00 |

Felix Crousse. Large, globular flower, bright red in color and one of the best. Vigorous growth and pleasant odor.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 75 | \$7 50 |
| 2 yr..... | 1 00 | 9 00 |

Festiva maxima. Conceded to be the finest of all white Peonies for any purpose. Very large, clear white flowers prominently flecked crimson, the outer petals sometimes faintly tinged lilac-white on opening. Vigorous and erect in growth; early.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 75 | 7 50 |

Humei. Large compact flower of a beautiful rose-pink color, petals tipped silver. A fragrant late variety of medium growth.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 35 | \$3 50 |
| 2 yr..... | 50 | 5 00 |

Louis Van Houtte. Bright crimson-maroon, a brilliant effective color. Medium height and good habit; fragrant; late.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 35 | \$3 50 |
| 2 yr..... | 50 | 5 00 |

Madame Ducl. Light mauve-rose with silvery reflex. A free, strong grower of medium height; quite fragrant.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 75 | \$7 50 |
| 2 yr..... | 1 00 | 9 00 |

PEONIES, continued

Madame der Verneville. A large full flower of bomb type; pure white with carmine-tipped central petals. A splendid early-flowering variety of pleasant odor; extra free.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 75 | 7 50 |

Mme. Jules Elie. Guards violet-rose, cream-white collar, center flecked crimson. A splendid mid-season variety of medium habit; fragrant.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 75 | \$7 50 |
| 2 yr..... | 1 00 | 9 00 |

Marie Crousse. Pale lilac-rose. Large, globular flower of medium loose form; erect, vigorous growth. A fine free variety useful for landscape or garden planting.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|---------|
| 1 yr..... | \$1 50 | \$15 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 2 00 | 20 00 |

Marie Lemoine. A late-flowering ivory-white, occasionally showing carmine tracings on the petal edges. Enormous flowers are borne on heavy, erect stems, standing well above the foliage. Excellent in every respect.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 50 | \$5 00 |
| 2 yr..... | 75 | 7 50 |

Queen Victoria. Large, full, compact bloom, with broad guard petals, opening flesh-white to pure white.

| | Each | Doz. |
|-----------|--------|--------|
| 1 yr..... | \$0 35 | \$3 50 |
| 2 yr..... | 50 | 5 00 |

Pæonia officinalis

This old-fashioned type is desirable on account of its early flowering, coming into bloom some two weeks before the other varieties. The flowers are large, full, very fragrant, and decidedly attractive in the garden or old-fashioned border.

Extra large, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Alba. Blush-white.

Rosea. Soft bright rose.

Rubra. Deep, dark crimson.

Papaver orientale

Oriental Poppy

The most gorgeous and dazzling of all our perennial plants. The enormous flowers, so rich and brilliant in coloring, are unequalled for either garden or interior decorating. They are of the easiest possible culture and do well under the most adverse conditions, but are at their best in a deep, rich soil. The plants die back after flowering and reappear in late September, during which period they should remain undisturbed.

25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., except where noted

Goliath. The largest and most showy Poppy grown. Brilliant, fiery scarlet.

Mahonoy. Dark crimson-maroon, shaded mahogany.

Mrs. Perry. A delightful shade of salmon-rose; the best in this color.

Choice Mixed Varieties. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

DWARF TYPES

Alpinum. A neat species with trim tufts of silvery foliage and bearing flowers of many hues throughout the season. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Alpinum laciniatum. New. A pretty form of the above with daintily fringed flowers.

Pilosum. A pretty variety with apricot-colored flowers growing to a height of 18 inches. After flowering, the foliage should be cut down, when new leaves and flowers will appear.

Nudicaule. A neat, compact, Arctic plant; delicate fern-like foliage; cup-shaped flowers throughout the season in a charming and delicate range of colors. Excellent for the border or rockery. White, yellow, orange, or mixed colors. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.



Oriental Poppy, Goliath

Pentstemon · Beard Tongue

Very useful perennials for the hardy border or rockery and valuable for cutting.

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100, except where noted

Barbatus Torreyi. Tall spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers. A charming and effective border plant. June and July. 2 to 4 feet.

Cæruleus. Handsome spikes of rich, dark blue flowers. June to September. 3 feet.

Grandiflorus. Showy flowers of a lilac-blue shade, slightly bearded.

Heterophyllus. A charming dwarf variety with pretty steel-blue flowers and handsome glaucous foliage. A fine rockery subject. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Hardy Phloxes

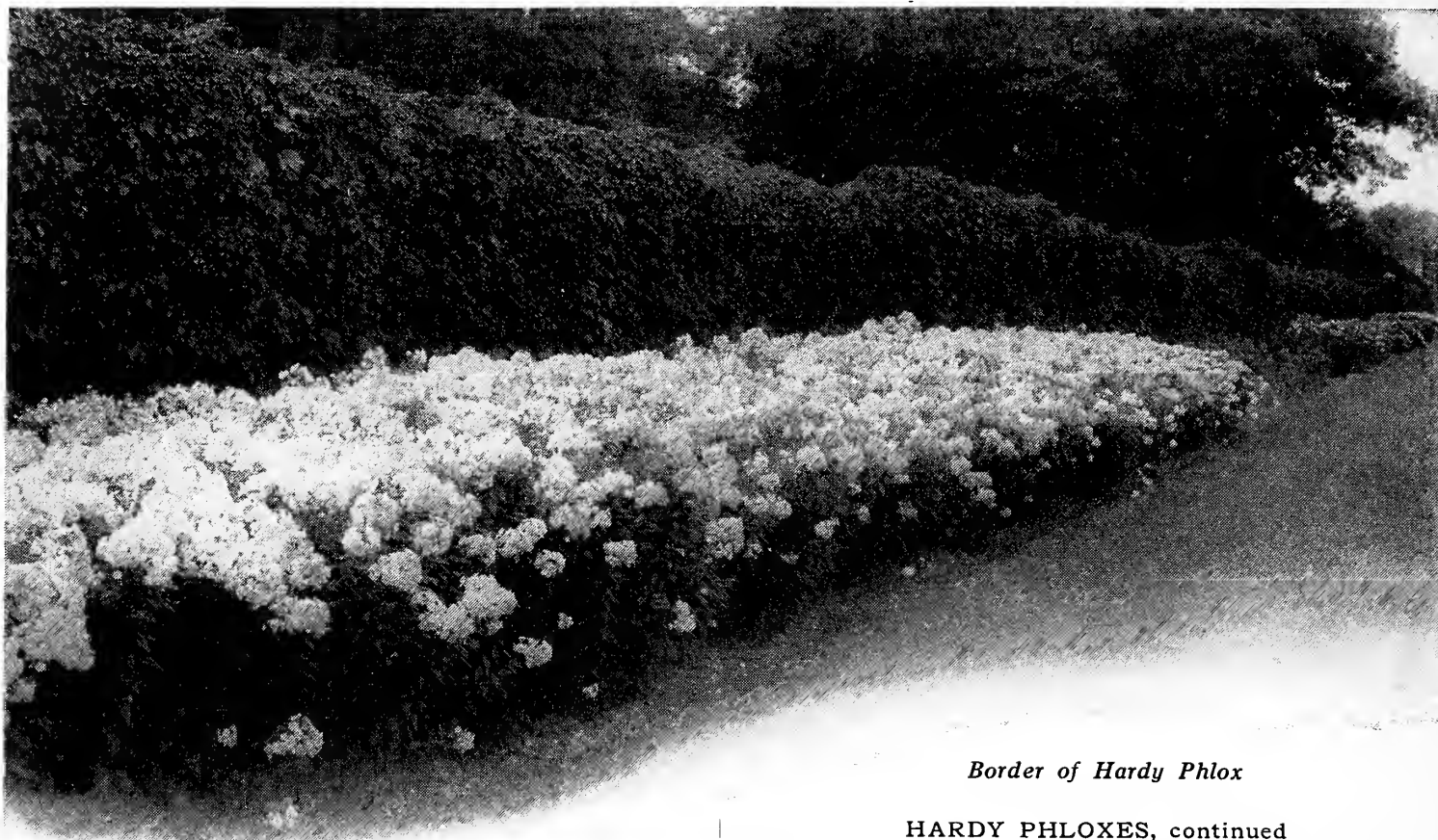
The Phlox is undoubtedly one of the most popular and satisfactory of our present-day garden or border plants. Not many years back there were few varieties worth considering and these were grown in a limited way. Decided improvement in the size of flower, habit of growth, and the addition of practically every desirable color has placed the Phlox in a prominent position among perennials, and today they are commercially grown by the acre. While there are hundreds of varieties in commerce, we have, by a most rigid selection, eliminated every kind that is not entirely distinct and desirable, keeping only the best in their respective colors. We offer a select assortment that includes the very cream of the Phlox family.

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100, except where noted

Varieties marked with an asterisk (*) can be supplied in extra-large clumps at an advance of 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

***Asia.** Beautiful shade of delicate mauve, distinct carmine-crimson eye. A splendid variety.

***B. Comte.** Brilliant, rich French purple; very effective.



Border of Hardy Phlox

HARDY PHLOXES, continued

- ***Baron Van Dedem.** Intense scarlet-red. Similar to Coquelicot, but the trusses and individual flowers are much larger.
- Bridesmaid.** Pure white, bold crimson eye; attractive.
- Coquelicot.** A fine, pure scarlet with crimson eye.
- ***Eiffel Tower.** Immense cherry-pink flowers, tinted salmon. A tall-growing variety of exceptional merit.
- ***Elizabeth Campbell.** Light salmon-pink, with lighter shadings and dark red eye. One of the finest Phloxes for massing. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.
- ***Europa.** Pure snowy white, crimson-carmine eye; large individual flowers in immense trusses.
- ***Frau Anton Buchner.** Pure snowy white; large individual flowers in gigantic trusses; strong bold habit. Undoubtedly the finest pure white Phlox yet sent out.
- ***Frau G. von Lassburg.** Pure white flowers in immense panicles, flowering later than Frau Anton Buchner.
- Geo. A. Strohlein.** Bright scarlet with deeper eye. Large and attractive flower.
- Goliath.** A distinct new variety of splendid appearance and robust growth, attaining under good culture a height of 5 to 6 feet, yet a refined variety in every way. The flowers are carried in unusually large, well-built panicles and are of a most attractive bright carmine-crimson color with deeper carmine-red eye.
- Gruppenkonigin.** Flesh-rose with carmine eye. Individual flowers large; immense trusses. One of the best.
- Hans Moquart.** Crimson; splendid for massing.
- ***Hermine.** A distinct variety of dwarf, compact growth, rarely exceeding 10 inches in height. Pure white flowers of good size. Useful for bordering.
- ***Jeanne d'Arc.** A fine, late-flowering white.
- ***Josephine Gerbeau.** Cherry-red center with white margin.
- ***Le Mahdi.** Deep reddish violet with deeper eye; one of the darkest.
- ***Mme. Paul Dutrie.** Delicate lilac-rose flowers borne in immense panicles.
- ***Mrs. Jenkins.** A fine pure white for massing; large panicles; early.
- ***Pantheon.** Salmon-rose; large flowers.

HARDY PHLOXES, continued

- ***Peachblow.** Delicate pink, deep rose center; rather dwarf habit. Splendid trusses.
- Riverton Jewel.** New. Mauve-rose illuminated with a brilliant, carmine-red eye. Very attractive. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Rosenberg.** Bright reddish violet, with blood-red eye. Very effective.
- ***Rynstrom.** Carmine-rose color, not unlike that of the Paul Neyron Rose; considered a decided improvement on the popular Phlox Pantheon. Splendid for massing.
- Selma.** Delicate pale rose with distinct red eye; very pretty.
- Siebold.** Bright vermilion-red, overlaid orange-scarlet; crimson-red eye. An improvement on Coquelicot.
- ***Sir Edwin Landseer.** Very bright crimson.
- Sunset.** Dark, rosy pink.
- Thor.** A beautiful shade of lovely salmon-rose overlaid with a scarlet glow; distinct aniline-red eye surrounded with white halo. A splendid introduction. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Vesuvius.** Pure red with bright purple eye; a dazzling color.
- Wanadis.** Light violet mottled with white, with reddish eye; in effect not unlike the native *Phlox divaricata canadensis*. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
- Wm. C. Egan.** Delicate lilac, illuminated with a distinct solferino eye, the effect on the whole being soft pink. Splendid when massed. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Phlox suffruticosa

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

- ***Miss Lingard.** A distinct variety, with large, glossy foliage and immense, pure white trusses, flowering earlier than the above varieties and continuing throughout the season if the old flower-heads are removed. One of the very best for massing and cutting.
- Nettie Stewart.** White, shaded pink.
- Magnificum.** Soft carmine; very pretty.

Phlox subulata • Moss Pink

A dwarf, low-growing type, flowering in early spring and completely covering the ground. Splendid for the Alpine or rock-garden or for carpeting bulb beds, cemetery plots, etc.

10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100

PHLOX SUBULATA, continued

Alba. Pure white flowers in masses.

Lilacina. Attractive clear lilac.

Rosea. Bright rose-pink; very effective. We can also offer this variety in immense clumps at 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Other Types of Phlox

Amœna. Very free flowering; an excellent dwarf ground-cover; bright pink. April and May. 6 inches. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Divaricata Laphamii. A great improvement on the type; attractive lavender-blue flowers; strong growth. May. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Pliosa splendens. A splendid new variety, growing to a height of 12 to 15 inches and producing masses of light rosy carmine flowers during May. A valuable addition to this class. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Physostegia • False Dragon Head

A beautiful border subject, flowering in midsummer, forming robust plants; attractive foliage. 4 to 5 feet.

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100

Speciosa. Very delicate pink, in dense panicles.

Speciosa alba. A pure white form.

Platycodon • Chinese Bellflower

Hardy and very handsome perennial. Large, bell-shaped flowers not unlike the Campanulas.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Mariesii. Deep blue, bell-shaped flowers, nearly 3 inches across. A valuable variety of the giant Bellflowers. July and September. 1 foot.

Mariesii album. A pure white form of the above. July and September. 1 foot.

Grandiflorum. Handsome, large flowers; deep blue. July and September. 2 feet.

Grandiflorum album. A white form of the above. July and September. 2 feet.

Plumbago

Larpenæ. A pretty autumn-flowering border plant, producing numerous rich blue flowers on wiry stems from August to October. A fine rock-garden plant. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Polemonium • Jacob's Ladder

Desirable border plants with pretty, bell-shaped flowers produced in spikes; finely cut foliage. Does well in a partially shaded location.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Richardsonii. Sky-blue flowers with showy, golden anthers. June and July. 6 inches.

Album. A good white form of the above.

Polygonatum • Solomon's Seal

Giganteum. A splendid subject for a partially shaded location, bearing pendent creamy white flowers during May and June. Foliage very ornamental. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Primula • Hardy Primrose

In the Hardy Primroses, we have most charming and useful spring-flowering subjects. The Primroses are best suited to the rock-garden, but are quite at home grouped in protected nooks in the hardy garden or edging shady borders. A rich soil and a light mulch during the summer are recommended. As the majority of varieties flower in early spring, the best results are obtained from early fall planting. A protection of leaves or any light material will bring them through winter in safety.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100, except where noted

PRIMULA, continued

Acaulis alba. A charming pure white Primrose of great value for massing or rock planting. Perfectly hardy.

Acaulis, Dean's Hybrids. An excellent, large-flowering strain including a wide range of handsome colors, varying from pure white to bright crimson. A group of these is sure to contain some surprises when opening.

Beesiana. A rare variety of a distinct velvety purple color; makes a good growth. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Bulleyana. New. A splendid addition that has proven perfectly hardy. Golden yellow flowers, suffused deep orange, in closely set whorls on stems 12 to 18 inches high. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Cortusoides. Heads of bright rosy flowers on slender stems. 12 inches.

Japonica. Giant Japanese Primrose. One of the loveliest of the entire group. Pyramids of rich-colored flowers on stately stems 18 to 24 inches during late spring and early summer. This type likes a moist, semi-shaded location. Excellent for naturalizing among ferns and woodland plants. We offer white, red, or mixed colors.

Officinalis Hybrids. The old-fashioned Cowslip, bearing numerous flowers in drooping umbels, varying in color from light to deep yellow, blended with crimson; splendid for naturalizing in woodland plantings. Extra-large clumps.

Polyanthus. Invincible Exhibition Strain. A famous prize strain produced in Scotland where this type of Primrose has reached, perhaps, the highest stage of development. Sturdy plants, producing great trusses of extremely large individual flowers much superior to the usual garden strain. We can supply the colors light yellow, deep yellow, and scarlet to crimson. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Pulverulenta. A rare Chinese species, difficult to propagate but perfectly hardy and permanent when established. The growth and habit are similar to *P. japonica*, but the calyces and flower-stems are thickly coated with silvery white farina. The color is a rich crimson-purple. This variety should be in every collection. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Veris superba. Bright canary-yellow with deeper golden center.



Double Pyrethrum

Pulmonaria · Lungwort

Saccharata, Mrs. Moon. Foliage deep green, prettily marked or mottled silvery gray, producing spikes of rosy pink flowers one foot in height during May and June. A useful border plant. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Pyrethrum · Persian Daisy

Beautifully colored border plants of the easiest culture, doing well under ordinary conditions, flowering almost continuously. Excellent for cutting.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Hybridum, Single. Colored Daisy. Kelway's Exhibition Strain. The finest selection in existence, including a mixture of the choicest and brightest colors.

Hybridum, Double. Kelway's. A seedling strain similar to the preceding, but bearing a good proportion of double flowers. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Uliginosum. Giant Daisy. A handsome, easy-growing variety, attaining a height of 5 feet, covered with attractive daisy-like flowers from July to September.

Rudbeckia · Coneflower

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100

Golden Glow. A popular, showy plant that will thrive under any conditions, producing attractive, golden yellow flowers in the greatest profusion.

Newmannii. Dark orange-yellow flowers, with deep purple cone, carried on rigid, wiry stems; flowers from July to October. 3 feet.

Purpurea (Echinacea). Giant Purple Coneflower. A strong, rigid-growing variety, bearing showy, reddish purple flowers, with a prominent cone-shaped center of brown.

Subtomentosa. Bright yellow, with a deep brown disk carried on erect stems; growth densely pyramidal. Very free and continuous. 3 feet.

Salvia · Meadow Sage

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100, unless noted

Azurea grandiflora. Tall spikes of lovely light blue flowers. Shrubby habit. June and July. 2 feet.

Pratensis. Deep violet-blue flowers; very showy. June to September. 2 to 3 feet.

Pitcheri. Deep gentian-blue and splendid branching habit. An improved Azurea. 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Virgata numerosa. A robust variety bearing large individual flowers closely set on good stems. Opening bright blue and shading to a rich violet-blue as the flowers develop, effecting a striking and harmonious combination. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Saxifraga · Megasea

Handsome, broad-leaved plants, growing about one foot in height, making excellent specimen plants or forming bold groups if planted in quantity. Attractive flowers in early spring. We can supply four distinct varieties from large pots or in field-grown clumps. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Sedum · Stonecrop

An interesting and pretty group of succulent plants of varied character. The dwarf varieties are invaluable for covering stonework and filling in crevices; they also make an excellent ground-cover for dry situations. The taller varieties are excellent for border planting.

15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100, unless noted

Acre. Wall Pepper. Attractive, light green foliage; yellow flowers, produced in masses during June and July. 3 inches.

Album. White; creeping habit. June and July. 6 inches.

Kamtschaticum. Clusters of yellow flowers; deep green foliage. July to September. 6 inches.

Maximowiczii. Bright green foliage; heads of golden yellow flowers. July to August. 1 foot.

Spurium coccineum. A pretty variety with showy crimson flowers and dark foliage.

Sieboldii. A Japanese variety of semi-erect growth. Handsome, round, glaucous foliage; bright pink flowers. August to September. 9 inches.

Spectabile atropurpureum. Dark, coppery purple foliage; rosy red flowers. July to August. 1 foot. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Senecio · Groundsel

Bold foliage plants with branching stems and attractive, composite flowers. Useful for grouping in moist and sub-aquatic situations.

Clivorum. A new Chinese species, with large heads of orange-yellow flowers; handsome, shiny green foliage. July to September. 4 feet. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Spiræa, or Astilbe**Meadow Sweet**

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100

Filipendula fl.-pl. Graceful, fern-like foliage and numerous corymbs of double white flowers.

Palmata alba. A fine Japanese type, with handsome foliage; snow-white, spready plumes. June to August. 3 feet.

Palmata elegans. Silvery pink flowers.

Palmata elegans rubra. A light red-flowering form.

Astilbe Arendsii

A new type introduced by the well-known hybridist, Arends, of Germany, resulting from crossing *A. Davidii* with *A. japonica* and others. These are robust-growing varieties of branching habit, producing graceful, feathered heads of flowers.

25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Ceres. Lilac-rose, with attractive silvery sheen.

Juno. Handsome, deep violet-rose plumes; strong, erect growth.

Kriemhilde. Salmon-pink; very beautiful.

Rose Perle. Dense, pyramidal trusses of soft rose; early flowering.

Vesta. Tall, pyramidal showy spikes, rose-colored.

Lachkonigin (Salmon Queen). Very graceful spikes of an effective light salmon shade.

Bulbs are a problem. We are going to have them if they come, and, if any come from Holland, ours will. With the Holland-American boats tied up in this country waiting for the end of the war, it looks dubious for the Hollander. This is written August 13. If this envelope contains our bulb list, we have the bulbs assured us. If it doesn't, it means another larger, better crop of hogs in Germany.



Evergreen Planting with Juniper Sabina (see page 23) in foreground

Nursery and Landscape Department

The appropriate use of trees, shrubs, vines, and herbaceous plants in the adornment of city, suburban, or country home grounds gives a charm and beauty which is interesting and pleasing to the passer-by as well as to the occupant of the house.

Plants are a means of expressing restfulness and beauty. Their gradually changing aspect each season heightens their pleasing effect and relieves monotony. The leaf, the branch, and the flower, as well as the form of the plant, manifest a grace and beauty which art endeavors to copy. While art cannot take the place of nature, it plays an important part in teaching us to see and appreciate the beauties of nature.

In the artificial adornment of grounds by means of plants, nature is our best instructor. From her we learn the uses of plants and how to combine them to best advantage. The various classes and species of plants have, by growing together, developed forms, habits, and requirements which enable them to live and thrive in harmony and actually to assist one another.

Man should first provide for his necessities, then for comforts, and finally for pleasures. In a new country such as ours, the adornment of grounds has received too little attention, but a stage of development has now been reached where Americans will give more attention to the embellishment of their home grounds.

In this connection, we beg to recommend our Landscape Department for your service. It is composed of practical men whose lifelong experience has made them experts in their business, and we believe you cannot do better than consult us before doing any planting, whether on a large or small scale.

The first essential in the adornment of a home area is the *formation of a suitable plan*. In making this plan, the principal things to be considered are the size of the area, the amount which the owner feels able to expend for the purpose, the soil, exposure, climatic conditions, peculiarities of the site, and the style of treatment, whether formal or natural. Large suburban places or country estates should, in order to maintain harmony and unity, be treated in the natural style, while smaller places of an acre or less, situated among others of like dimensions, can be improved only by the use of the formal style. Hence, the two general styles of landscape gardening have been developed. One of these may be adopted, or both may be combined to suit the circumstances.

WHAT OUR LANDSCAPE DEPARTMENT WILL DO FOR YOU

Acquaint us with your wishes and problems, and we will arrange for an interview with one of our landscape architects. If desired, he will call on you on your home grounds and give you expert and practical advice. He will prepare a comprehensive and attractive planting plan and estimate for your approval. Upon your acceptance of plan and estimate, men in charge of competent foremen, under the supervision of the head of the Landscape Department, will begin operations to develop your grounds in an economical and workmanlike manner, which is sure to meet with your approval and satisfaction.

SPECIALTIES OF OUR LANDSCAPE DEPARTMENT

We specialize in laying out new or remodeling old home grounds or gardens, whether situated in the city or in the country.

We lay out and plant rose-gardens and hardy-perennial gardens in any style consistent with the architecture of the house, surroundings, or lay of the land.

We build rock-gardens the superiority of which was attested at the last big New York Flower Show.

We plant bulb-gardens and borders that will dazzle you with a show of color almost as soon as the snow is gone from the ground.

IN SHORT! We furnish anything from a plant to a planting, with a guarantee of the Cromwell Gardens' Service behind it.

Evergreens

The evergreens are becoming more and more popular, and deservedly so, because they retain their foliage and are just as attractive in winter as in summer. The dwarf varieties are now used very extensively as a setting around houses. A front porch surrounded by evergreens certainly looks rich and has an individuality all its own. The evergreens vary so much in foliage, shape and outline, height and color, that it is possible to make very pretty combinations, and, owing to the fact that they stand severe pruning and shearing, it is possible to retain an evergreen planting at practically any desired height or size. Larger growing evergreens, such as Spruces and Pines, should be used as isolated specimens or in large group plantings for windbreaks. Evergreens increase very quickly in value; so money spent for this class of plants should be regarded as a gilt-edged investment. We list only the best varieties that are absolutely hardy in our cold New England climate.

Abies · Spruces and Firs

- Arizonica argentea.** White-barked Spruce. This species is comparatively new, having white bark resembling that of the White Birch. This, in contrast to the green foliage, is very beautiful. Fine plants, 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50 to \$5 each.
- Alba.** White Spruce. Fine, compact, pyramidal growth. 4 to 5 ft., \$3.50 each.
- Balsamea.** Balsam Fir. Too well known to need description. Each
- | | |
|----------------|--------|
| 3 to 4 ft..... | \$3 50 |
| 5 ft..... | 7 50 |
- Concolor.** White Fir, or Colorado Silver Fir of the Rocky Mountains. Grows 80 to 100 feet high. It withstands heat and drought better than any other Fir, is very hardy, and grows rapidly. Each
- | | |
|----------------|--------|
| 2 to 3 ft..... | \$2 50 |
| 3 to 4 ft..... | 5 00 |
| 4 to 5 ft..... | 10 00 |
| 5 to 6 ft..... | 15 00 |
| 6 to 7 ft..... | 25 00 |
- Douglasii** (*Pseudotsuga Douglasii*). Douglas Fir. A Colorado species. Forms a large, spreading pyramid of light green foilage 80 to 100 feet in height. Each
- | | |
|----------------|--------|
| 3 to 4 ft..... | \$3 50 |
| 7 to 8 ft..... | 10 00 |
- Douglasii glauca.** Same general habit as the preceding; of a glaucous blue color which makes it very attractive. 6 ft., \$5 each.
- Excelsa.** Norway Spruce. Used extensively for screens, windbreaks, and hedges on account of its close and rapid growth. Splendid as isolated specimens. Each
- | | |
|----------------|--------|
| 3 to 4 ft..... | \$3 50 |
| 4 to 5 ft..... | 4 50 |



Abies concolor

ABIES, continued

- Excelsa aurea.** Golden Pyramidal Spruce. The golden color is greatly intensified in summer. Each
- | | |
|----------------|--------|
| 2 ft..... | \$1 00 |
| 5 to 6 ft..... | 5 00 |
- Excelsa inverta.** Weeping Norway Spruce. The best of the pendulous form of Spruces and interesting as a specimen. Each
- | | |
|----------------|--------|
| 2 ft..... | \$1 00 |
| 5 to 6 ft..... | 5 00 |
- Excelsa pyramidalis.** Pyramidal Norway Spruce. Pyramidal form of the species, making a well-shaped conical tree. Each
- | | |
|-----------|--------|
| 3 ft..... | \$1 75 |
| 6 ft..... | 3 50 |
- Fraseri.** Southern or Double Balsam. This resembles the Balsam Fir, but has a deeper color and succeeds here, thus becoming a substitute for the Balsam Fir which does not like our stronger sun in the early spring and summer. Each
- | | |
|----------------|--------|
| 2 to 3 ft..... | \$2 00 |
| 3 to 4 ft..... | 3 50 |
- Nordmanniana.** Nordmann's Silver Fir. One of the noblest evergreens in existence. Foliage dark above and silvery underneath. 3 to 4 ft., \$5 each.
- Orientalis.** Oriental Spruce. One of the most satisfactory evergreens, making well-shaped specimens of conical growth and pleasing color. Each
- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 2 to 3 ft..... | \$2 50 |
| 3 to 4 ft..... | \$3.50 to 5 00 |
- Pectinata.** European Silver Fir. Tall, ornamental tree. Foliage dark green, glossy above and silvery underneath. Each
- | | |
|-----------------|--------|
| 4 to 4½ ft..... | \$2 50 |
| 5 to 6 ft..... | 5 00 |
- Polita.** Tiger's Tail Spruce. A noble tree of sturdy habit. The needles are very stiff and sharp. 3 ft., \$2.50 each.
- Pungens.** Colorado Spruce. Sharp leaves are bluish to a dull green and rather thicker than usual. Branches horizontal in regular whorls. 6 to 7 ft., \$10 to \$15 each.
- Pungens glauca.** Colorado Blue Spruce. Attractive, rich blue foliage. Sturdy and hardy. It will succeed in locations where many evergreens fail. Each
- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| 3 to 4 ft..... | \$5 00 |
| 4 to 5 ft..... | 7 50 |
| 6 to 7 ft..... | \$10 to 15 00 |
| 7 to 8 ft..... | 20 to 25 00 |
- Pungens glauca Kosteri.** Koster's Blue Spruce. The finest form of Colorado Blue Spruce. An improvement in point of color, which is a most intense blue. It is a favorite tree and should be in every garden. Each
- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 2 to 3 ft..... | \$3 00 |
| 3 to 4 ft..... | 5 00 |
| 4 to 5 ft..... | \$7.50 to 10 00 |
| 5 to 6 ft..... | \$10 to 20 00 |
| 6 to 7 ft..... | 20 to 25 00 |
| 7 to 8 ft..... | 25 to 35 00 |
- Veitchii.** Veitch's Silver Fir. Resembles Nordmann's Fir though the silvery tinge is more pronounced. Hardy and makes a grand specimen. Each
- | | |
|----------------|--------|
| 2 to 3 ft..... | \$2 50 |
| 3 to 4 ft..... | 4 50 |

Biota

- Orientalis.** Dense, pyramidal tree; foliage green, turning brown in autumn. 2 ft., \$1 each.

Cryptomeria

Japonica. Japan Cedar. This is a very large, pyramidal-growing tree, with bluish green foliage and bearing brownish red cones. This tree is hardy in New England in sheltered positions only. Each
2 to 3 ft., slender.....\$1 00
4 to 5 ft., specimens..... 5 00

Juniperus

Communis. Common Juniper. Light, glaucous foliage; flat, spreading habit; a splendid hillside plant. Each
2 to 3 ft.....\$1 75
3 to 4 ft.....\$2.50 to 3 50
Communis aurea. Golden Juniper. Golden form giving splendid color to the evergreen group. Each
1 ft.....\$1 00
1½ ft..... 2 00
2 to 3 ft..... 3 50
Chinensis. Chinese Juniper. Of conical growth with light, glaucous green foliage, especially rich in winter. 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50 each.
Chinensis albo-spica. White-tipped Chinese Juniper. Bluish gray foliage interspersed with silvery white. One of the best in growth and appearance. Each
1 to 1½ ft.....\$1 25
1½ to 2 ft..... 1 75
2 to 3 ft..... 2 50
Hibernica. Irish Juniper. Dense, pillar-like growth; glaucous foliage. Each
1 to 1½ ft.....\$1 00
3 ft..... 2 50
3½ to 4 ft..... 3 50
Japonica. Japanese Juniper. Of erect, conical habit; hardy and a splendid variety. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50 each.
Japonica aurea. Golden Japanese Juniper. A splendid golden form of the above. Each
1 to 1½ ft.....\$1 50
2 ft..... 2 50
2 to 3 ft.....\$3.75 to 5 00
Pfitzeriana. A comparatively new evergreen of excellent habit and usefulness. Very hardy. Each
2 to 2½ ft.....\$2 50
2½ to 3 ft..... 3 50
Procumbens. Creeping Juniper. Dwarf and prostrate. This is the best of the creeping Junipers. 2 to 2½ ft., \$2.50 to \$3.50 each.
Sabina. Savin Juniper. Somber green; dwarf; spreading branches. Thrives in poor soil. Useful for hillside and rock planting. 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.50 each.
Sabina procumbens. Creeping Savin Juniper. A trailing variety of above. 2 to 2½ ft., \$2.50 each.
Suecica. Swedish Juniper. Resembles the Irish Juniper in habit; a great acquisition for this climate, owing to its hardiness. 2½ to 3 ft., \$2.50 each.
Tamariscifolia. A fine spreading and creeping plant, suitable for the rockery. Each
12 in.....\$1 50
15 in..... 1 75
18 in..... 2 50
Virginiana. Red Cedar. Well-formed, cultivated specimens are highly ornamental. Each
3 to 4 ft.....\$1.50 to \$2 50
4 to 5 ft..... 2 50
5 to 6 ft..... 3 00
6 to 7 ft.....\$3.50 to 4 00
Collected plants, well-formed, from 2 ft. to 20 ft. high, prices on application.
Virginiana elegantissima. Lee. A very desirable newer variety with golden tipped foliage. Each
2 ft.....\$1 50
3 to 4 ft.....\$3.50 to 5 00
Virginiana glauca. Silvery Red Cedar. Foliage the shade of Koster's Blue Spruce. Each
3 to 4 ft.....\$2 50
4 to 5 ft..... 5 00
5 to 6 ft..... 7 50
Virginiana pendula. Weeping Red Cedar. Pendulous and desirable. 3 ft., \$2.50 each.

Larix

Kaempferi. Japanese Larch. The most beautiful of the group. 4 to 5 ft., \$5 each.



Pinus Mugho

Pinus

Austriaca. Austrian Pine. Tall, massive and spreading; heavily plumed with long, stiff, dark green foliage. Each
2 to 3 ft.....\$3 50
4 to 5 ft..... 6 00
5 to 6 ft..... 7 50
Cembra. Swiss Stone Pine. Very fine, dense, regular growth. Each
2 ft.....\$2 50
3 to 4 ft..... 7 50
Koraiensis. Korean Pine. A relatively slow-growing variety, native of Korea. Needles glossy dark green on back and bluish white on the inner sides. 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50 each.
Montana. Swiss Mountain Pine. Bushy, with dark green needles. Each
2 ft.....\$2 50
2½ to 3 ft..... 3 50
Mugho. Dwarf Mountain Pine. Alpine variety, valuable for the rockery and exposed places. Seldom grows over 4 feet high. Each
8 to 10 in.....\$1 00
1½ to 2 ft..... 2 50
2 to 3 ft..... 3 50
Resinosa. Red or Norway Pine. Forms a pyramidal head when young and an open, round-topped one when old. Long, lustrous, green foliage. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50 each.
Strobus. White Pine. Used extensively for specimen, group, and mass planting. Needles soft and bluish green. Each
2 to 3 ft.....\$1 00
3 to 4 ft..... 1 75
4 to 5 ft..... 2 75
Sylvestris. Scotch Pine. Hardy and valuable for shelter plantings. Each
3 to 4 ft.....\$2 00
7 to 8 ft..... 7 50
Tanyosho. Japanese Table Pine. A dwarf, spreading novelty; flat on top, hence its name. Each
2 to 2½ ft.....\$5 00
2½ to 3 ft..... 7 50

Retinispora

Filifera. Slender, bright green foliage, drooping in long filaments; graceful habit. Each
1 to 1½ ft.....\$1 50
2 to 3 ft..... 2 50
3½ to 4 ft..... 7 50
Filifera aurea. Golden form of the preceding. One of the brightest evergreens and should be used more. Each
1½ to 2 ft.....\$2 50
2 to 2½ ft..... 3 50
2½ to 3 ft..... 5 00
3 to 4 ft..... 10 00

RETINISPORA, continued

- Obtusa.** Dark green foliage, arranged in flattened filaments. 2 to 3 ft., \$2 each.
- Obtusa aurea nana.** Graceful feathery foliage; one of the hardiest. 2 to 3 ft., \$3 each.
- Obtusa gracilis.** Different from the obtuse-leaved Retinosporas in that the frond-like leaves droop slightly. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50 to \$3.50 each.
- Obtusa Youngii.** Graceful form; yellowish. Each
 2 to 2½ ft. \$1 50
 2½ to 3 ft. 2 50
- Pisifera.** Pyramidal; rapid growth; satisfactory. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$2 50
 3 to 4 ft. 3 50
 4 to 5 ft. 5 00
 5 to 6 ft. \$7.50 to 10 00
- Pisifera aurea.** Beautiful, bright golden form of the preceding. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$2 50
 3 to 4 ft. 3 50
 4 to 5 ft. 5 00
 5 to 6 ft. 7 50
 6 to 7 ft. 10 00
 7 to 8 ft. \$12 to 15 00
- Plumosa.** Dense, small-sized tree of conical form. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$2 50
 3 to 4 ft. 3 50
 4 to 5 ft., broad 10 00
 6 to 7 ft. \$7.50 to 10 00
- Plumosa aurea.** One of the most desirable of our collection; golden form of above. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$2 50
 3 to 4 ft. 3 50
 4 to 5 ft. 5 00
 5 to 6 ft. 7 50
 6 to 7 ft. \$10 to 15 00
- Plumosa argentea.** Green, tipped with yellow and white. Each
 2 to 2½ ft. \$2 50
 2½ to 3 ft. \$3.50 to 5 00
- Plumosa sulphurea.** Similar to the above; tipped sulphur-yellow. 2 to 3 ft., \$3.50 to \$5 each.
- Squarrosa Veitchii.** A rapid-growing, heath-like plant, with silvery foliage; stands severe shearing. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$2 50
 3 to 4 ft. 5 00
 4 to 5 ft. 7 50



Retinispora plumosa

Sciadopitys

Verticillata. Japanese Umbrella Pine. Shining, dark green, long needles in umbrella-like whorls; very distinct. Uniquely striking when planted as a specimen.

| | Each |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 1½ to 2 ft. | \$3 75 |
| 2 to 3 ft. | 5 00 |
| 3 to 4 ft. | \$7.50 to 10 00 |
| 5 to 6 ft. | \$15 to 25 00 |
| 8 ft. | 40 to 50 00 |

Taxus

Cuspidata brevifolia. Japanese Yew. Dwarf; retains its deep green color all winter. 15 to 18 in., \$2.50 each.

Cuspidata tardiva aurea. Beautiful, dwarf, golden form. 15 to 18 in., \$2.50 each.

Thuja

Occidentalis. American Arborvitæ. Conical form and rapid growth; used extensively for hedges and screens.

| | Each |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 1½ to 2 ft. | \$0 50 |
| 2 to 3 ft. | 1 25 |
| 3 to 4 ft. | 1 50 |
| 4 to 5 ft. | 2 50 |
| 5 to 6 ft. | 3 50 |
| 6 to 7 ft. | 5 00 |
| 8 to 10 ft. | \$7.50 to 10 00 |

Occidentalis aurea, var. George Peabody. A dense-growing golden variety making a broad pyramid which holds its color all summer.

| | Each |
|------------|--------|
| 2 ft. | \$1 75 |
| 3 ft. | 2 50 |

Occidentalis Ellwangeriana. Low, broad pyramid with slender branches clothed with two kinds of foliage. 2 ft., \$2 each.

Occidentalis ericoides. Dark green; conical growth; foliage finely divided. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50 each.

Occidentalis globosa. Globe-headed Arborvitæ. A deep green variety of globular form. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.

Occidentalis Hoveyi. A slow-growing form with golden green foliage. 2½ ft., \$2.50 to \$3.50 each.

Occidentalis Reedii. Similar to the above but of a somewhat coarser growth. 2 to 3 ft., \$3.50 each.

Occidentalis pyramidalis. Dense, upright growth; light-colored foliage. 4 ft., \$2.50 each.

Occidentalis sibirica. Large, dark green foliage; strong, pyramidal growth; very good and hardy. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50 to \$3 each.

Occidentalis Wareana. Light sulphur-yellow which gradually deepens in autumn.

| | Each |
|-----------------|--------|
| 2 ft. | \$1 50 |
| 3 to 4 ft. | 3 50 |

Occidentalis Vervæneana. A gracefully drooping, yellow-marked Arborvitæ.

| | Each |
|-----------------|--------|
| 2 to 3 ft. | \$1 50 |
| 3 to 4 ft. | 4 00 |

Thuyopsis

Borealis. Forms a dense, erect tree with ascending branches pendulous at the tips. 3 ft., \$3.50 each.

Tsuga

Canadensis. Hemlock. A graceful, lofty tree with loose, open growth which lends itself to shearing. The Hemlock is undoubtedly one of the finest native evergreens and should be used extensively as individual specimens, for mass planting, and for hedges. This plant will, perhaps, succeed in a more shady situation than any other evergreen and proves an ideal subject for woodland planting, either in groups or scattered.

| | Each |
|------------------|--------|
| 1½ to 2 ft. | \$0 75 |
| 2 to 3 ft. | 1 50 |
| 3 to 4 ft. | 3 00 |
| 4 to 5 ft. | 4 00 |

Canadensis pendula Sargentii. Sargent's Weeping Hemlock. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50 to \$2.50 each.

Flowering Shrubs

Hardy flowering shrubs develop very quickly and are, therefore, indispensable where it is desirable to make an immediate showing.

It is our aim to produce everything in flowering shrubbery that is useful, hardy, and worthy of cultivation. A good shrub collection will present the greatest variety of color throughout the season, both in flower and foliage. Even in winter the shrubbery is attractive, because of the gracefulness of its stems and branches, and the color of the bark. Many varieties also bear highly colored and showy fruit which, in many instances, hangs on the entire winter.

As soon as nursery stock is unpacked, a trench should be dug and the roots set in, covering them with moist earth until they can be planted. Many failures result from disregard of this simple rule.

Before planting, the soil should be thoroughly spaded and enriched. The holes should be made of ample dimensions and of sufficient depth so that the roots can be spread out and the plant stand in the same position as when growing in the nursery. It is very important to pack the soil very firmly around the plant so that all the roots will come in contact with it. Failures are often prevented by mulching the new planting so as to preserve the moisture in the soil and to prevent the alternate freezing and thawing in winter.

Althæa · Rose of Sharon

Attractive shrubs flowering during the late months, August to November, when there are but few shrubs in bloom. Very desirable for ornamental plantings.

2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each; 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each

Banner. Flowers white, richly marked crimson and pink; not unlike a Pelargonium.

Jeanne d'Arc. Double; pure white; 3 to 4 inches across, resembling a Rose; very fine.

Rosea. Large flowers of beautiful shade of rose-pink.

Red. Large, well-formed, double, ruby-red flowers.

Amelanchier · Shad Bush, or Juneberry

Shrub or small tree desirable for ornament. Blooms very early in spring, very often before leaves appear. Grows well in dry situation.

Canadensis. Native shrub, very useful in large plantings. 2 ft., 35 cts. each.

Amorpha · False Indigo

Hardy flowering shrubs with graceful foliage, especially adapted to small plantings in dry situations.

Fruticosa. Interesting ornamental plant of spreading habit, with fine, feathery foliage; flowers dark violet-purple.

Each
3 to 4 ft. \$0 35
4 to 5 ft. 50

Amygdalus · Almond

Hardy, free-flowering shrubs with showy flowers in early spring. They are splendid garden subjects, thriving in almost any well-drained soil.

Chinensis albo-plena. Double White-flowering Almond. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each.

Chinensis roseo-plena. Double Pink-flowering Almond. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each.

Andromeda

Arborea (*Oxydendrum arboreum*). Sorrel Tree. A beautiful, medium-sized flowering tree with small white flowers borne in great profusion.

Each
4 to 5 ft. \$1 50
5 to 6 ft. 2 00

Aralia · Angelica Tree

Maximowiczii. See Trees.

Pentaphylla. Medium-sized shrub of rapid growth; shining, deep green, five-lobed leaves.

Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
4 to 5 ft. 50

Spinosa. Hercules' Club. Stout, prickly branches; broad, handsomely cut leaves and large clusters of greenish white flowers in July. 6 to 8 ft., \$1 to \$1.50 each.

Berberis · Barberry

Illicifolia. Holly-leaved Barberry. Large, dark green leaves remaining on the plant until late in the winter. 2 to 2½ ft., 50 cts. to 75 cts. each.

Neubertii. A cross between *B. vulgaris* and *Mahonia Aquifolium*, with grayish brown branches; no thorns. 12 in., 50 cts. each.

Thunbergii. Japanese Barberry. Foliage changing to coppery red; bright red berries in great profusion throughout the winter. Dwarf habit. Excellent for hedges.

Each Doz. 100
18 to 24-in. hedge plants... \$2 00 \$15 00
24 to 30-in. extra-large plants \$0 30 25 00
Specimen plants..... 50

Stenophylla. New hybrid between *B. Darwinii* and *B. empetrifolia*. An attractive evergreen shrub with handsome golden yellow flowers and deep green leaves. 2-year field-grown, \$1 each.

Wilsonæ. New. An introduction from western China. Much-branched stems covered with long spines that are particularly noticeable during the winter. The small, glossy green leaves, averaging ½ inch in length, assume beautiful reddish autumnal tints in the fall, harmonizing splendidly with the handsome crimson fruits which are preceded by showy, rich golden flowers. A splendid hardy subject that will, when better known, be planted extensively on account of its many decorative qualities. Strong, field-grown plants, 12 in., \$1 each.

Vulgaris. Common Barberry. Erect growth, yellow flowers; purplish red berries.

Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50



Deutzia crenata (see page 26)

BERBERIS, continued

Vulgaris atropurpurea. Purple-leaved Barberry. Handsome purple foliage; yellow flowers in May. 2½ to 3 ft., 50 cts. each.

Buddleia • Butterfly Bush

The greatly improved varieties offered here are genuine acquisitions among sub-shrubs. Although they really belong to the shrub group, they are of equal value in the perennial border, where they enhance the display from early spring until frost by their profusion of fragrant, violet-colored racemes and where they prove a great attraction to bees and butterflies. While they attain a growth of 5 to 6 feet and are quite hardy, the wood dies back near the ground, the new wood appearing from the base. Protect during winter with soil or coarse manure to a height of 18 inches from the ground.

3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. each; extra large, 50 cts. each

Asiatica. See Greenhouse Flowering Plants.

Variabilis magnifica. Violet-purple flowers produced in endless profusion. The growths terminate in long racemes and may be cut freely. As a cut-flower, it is of great decorative value.

Variabilis Veitchii. Clusters of violet-mauve flowers.

Calycanthus • Sweet Shrub

Floridus. Strawberry Shrub. Chocolate-colored flowers of a peculiar fragrance. Each
2 ft. \$0 35
6 ft. 50

Cephalanthus • Button Bush

Occidentalis. Native shrub, globular heads of white flowers in July; grows well in wet and swampy places. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50

Chionanthus

Virginica. White Fringe. Snow white, fringe-like flowers. 6 to 8 ft., 75 cts. each.

Clethra

Alnifolia. Sweet Pepper Bush. Fragrant white flowers in slender racemes. 1 to 1½ ft., 35 cts. each.

Comptonia

Asplenifolia. Sweet Fern. Fern-like, dark green foliage. Useful for massing on rocky and barren places. Each
2 to 2½ ft. \$0 35
Collected clumps. 50 cts. to 75

Corchorus • Kerria

Japonica. Single, yellow flowers; green branches; dwarf. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50

Japonica fl.-pl. Double, deep yellow form of above. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50

Japonica fol. var. Beautifully variegated foliage and yellow flowers. 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each.

Cornus • Dogwood

Alba. Bright red branches; flowers white; fruit blue. 4 to 5 ft., 50 cts. each.

Alternifolia. Creamy white flowers. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.

Mas. Cornelian Cherry. Yellow flowers before the leaves; finest bright scarlet. 2 ft., 35 cts. each.

Paniculata. White in flower and fruit. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50

CORNUS, continued

Sanguinea. Dark red bark. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.

Sericea. Tall growing; greenish bark. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
4 to 5 ft. 50

Sibirica fol. var. Variegated foliage on red stems. 50 cts. each.

Spaethii. Rich yellow and white color variation. 50 cts. each.

Stolonifera. Slender branches, red in winter. 2 ft. 35 cts. each.

Stolonifera aurea. Yellow branches. 2 ft. 35 cts. each.

Corylus • Filbert, or Hazel

Avellana atropurpurea. Purple-leaved Hazel. Conspicuous with large, dark purple foliage. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. to 75 cts. each.

Cydonia • Japan Quince

Japonica. One of the best flowering shrubs; dazzling scarlet flowers in early spring. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.

Cytisus

Laburnum. Golden Chain. A dwarf tree or large shrub, with shining green leaves and racemes of yellow flowers in early summer. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50 ea.

Deutzia

Crenata fl.-pl. Hardy and free flowering; upright growth; white flowers. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50

Crenata rosea fl.-pl. Rosy pink, similar to the above. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50

Crenata magnifica. New. The finest of all the Deutzias. A hybrid between *D. crenata candidissima* and *D. Velmorinae*. Handsome, well-expanded, full flowers, pure white, produced in great profusion. Blooms about the end of May, about two weeks earlier than others of the type. A magnificent shrub of great beauty. Each

1½ to 2 ft. \$0 50
2 to 3 ft. 75
3 to 4 ft. 1 00

Gracilis. Dwarf, covered with sweet-scented, white flowers during May and June. Each
1½ to 2 ft. \$0 35
Large plants. 50

Gracilis rosea. Lovely rose-colored form of the above. Each
1½ to 2 ft. \$0 35
Large plants. 50

Pride of Rochester. Tall-growing variety, very free flowering; double white. Each
3 to 4 ft. \$0 35
4 to 5 ft. 50

Scabra. Vigorous and free flowering; upright. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
4 to 5 ft. 50

Elæagnus • Oleaster

Angustifolia. Russian Olive. The foliage is very handsome, rich, silvery white; flowers small, golden yellow, followed by yellow fruit covered with silvery scales. 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each.

Longipes. Japanese Oleaster. Reddish brown bark; foliage lighter on the under side; orange-colored fruit. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each.

Euonymus

Strawberry Tree, or Firebush

Alatus. Cork-barked Euonymus, or Firebush. Dwarf; compact; bright-colored fruit and brilliant foliage. 4 to 5 ft., \$1 each.

Americanus. Tall, tree-like growth; brilliantly colored fruit in fall. 2 to 3 ft., 75 cts. each.

Europæus. Burning Bush. Showy and desirable. 4 to 5 ft., 75 cts. each.

Forsythia · Golden Bell

- Fortunei.** Blooms in dense masses of golden yellow before the leaves appear. Each
 3 to 4 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50
- Intermedia.** Strong growing; more erect; flowers a little later. Each
 3 to 4 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50
- Suspensa.** Weeping Golden Bell. Pendulous habit; yellow, drooping flowers. Each
 3 to 4 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50
- Viridissima.** Flowers pale yellow; early. Each
 3 to 4 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50

Halesia · Snowdrop Tree

- Tetraptera.** Silver Bell. Beautiful flowering shrubs producing, as soon as the leaves appear, a great number of large, crowded clusters of pure white, bell-shaped flowers. 4 to 5 ft., 75 cts. each.

Hamamelis

- Virginica.** Witch-Hazel. A tall-growing native shrub with large, dark green leaves and yellow flowers; just before the leaves fall in the autumn. Each
 3 to 4 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50

HIBISCUS. See Althæa

Hydrangea

- Arborescens grandiflora.** This new Snowball Hydrangea is one of the finest American shrubs. Pure white, resembling *H. otaksa* in form. Thrives best in a moist location. 2 ft., 35 cts. each; large plants, 50 cts. each.
- Paniculata.** Type. Flower-trusses carried erect on rigid stems. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50
- Paniculata grandiflora.** Most popular shrub, bearing heads of creamy white flowers which later assume attractive rose shades, remaining in excellent condition for many weeks. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
 3 to 4 ft. 50
 4 to 5 ft. 1 00
 Standards, 4 to 5 ft. \$1 to 2 00

Hypericum · St. John's-Wort

- Moserianum.** A very graceful and beautiful shrubby perennial, producing rich golden yellow flowers in the greatest profusion. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Ilex

- Verticillata.** Winterberry. One of the best shrubs; ornamental fruit of the brightest red, remaining on the plant until midwinter. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each.

Jasminum

- Nudiflorum.** Naked-flowering Jasmine. Quadrangular, drooping branches. Native of China. Flowers bright yellow, opening very early in spring, or on warm days in winter. 2 ft., 35 cts. each.

Ligustrum

- Amurense.** Japanese Privet. A variety of sterling merit; useful for shrubberies and best of its class as a hedge plant. Each 100
 1½ to 2 ft. \$0 25 \$12 00
 3 to 4 ft. 35 15 00
- Ibota.** Chinese Privet. Used extensively on account of its hardiness and indifference to abuse. Thrives better in shade than most other shrubs. Excellent as a hedge plant. Each 100
 1½ to 2 ft. \$0 20 \$12 00
 2 to 3 ft. 25 15 00

LIGUSTRUM, continued

- Ovalifolium.** California Privet. Glossy dark green foliage, retained until late in the winter. Used more than any other as a hedge plant. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50
- | | | |
|---|--------|---------|
| | 100 | 1,000 |
| Ovalifolium. Hedge plants, 1 yr. old.. | \$3 00 | \$25 00 |
| 2 yr. old..... | 6 00 | 60 00 |
| 3 yr. old..... | 8 00 | 80 00 |
- Each
- Ovalifolium.** Ball-shaped. 18 in. \$1 00
 Standards, 4 to 5 ft. 1 50
- Ovalifolium aureum.** Golden Privet. We consider this one of the best colored foliage shrubs. Indispensable as a tub plant for porch and veranda. Used as a substitute for Crotons. Each Doz. 100
 1 to 1½ ft. \$0 25 \$1 00 \$8 00
 2 to 3 ft. 50
- Regelianum.** Regel's Privet. Low growing, with spreading, horizontal branches; white flowers and black fruit. This is also a good hedge plant. 1½ to 2 ft., 35 cts. each, \$20 per 100.

Lindera · Spicewood

- Benzoin.** Tall, with pleasant aromatic wood. Small, yellow flowers before the foliage, followed by red berries in summer and autumn. 2 ft., 35 cts. each.



Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora

Lonicera · Shrub Honeysuckle

- Fragrantissima.** Fragrant Upright Honeysuckle. Fragrant, strong, and almost evergreen. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
 3 to 4 ft. 50
- Maackii.** Upright to a height of 15 feet; white, fading to yellowish. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Morrowii.** White flowers in May; numerous bright red fruit until fall. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50
- Morrowii grandiflora.** Larger flowers than the preceding. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50
- Ruprechtiana.** Tall, rapid grower; pure white flowers; orange-red fruit. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
 4 to 5 ft. 50
- Tatarica.** Tartarian Honeysuckle. Bright pink flowers, orange-scarlet fruit in autumn. Each
 2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
 3 to 4 ft. 50
- Tatarica alba.** Creamy white flowers; vigorous growth. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.

Myrica

- Cerifera.** Wax Myrtle, or Candleberry. A low, spreading, native shrub which thrives best in sunny, sandy places. Very dark green, fragrant foliage; inconspicuous reddish flowers; white, waxy berries. Each
 1 to 1½ ft. \$0 35
 Collected clumps. 50

Philadelphus

Syringa, or Mock Orange

- Avalanche.** Slender, arching branches of graceful habit. Snowy white flowers. Each
1½ to 2 ft.....\$0 35
3 to 4 ft..... 50
- Bouquet Blanc.** Of vigorous, upright growth. Almost double flowers produced in dense clusters, the effect being not unlike the Japanese Snowball. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each.
- Coronarius.** Garland Syringa. Grows 10 to 15 feet high; very hardy. Each
2 to 3 ft.....\$0 35
3 to 4 ft..... 50
- Coronarius nana aurea.** Golden-leaved Syringa. Dwarf, with golden yellow foliage. Retains its color all summer. 1½ to 2 ft., 50 cts. each.
- Grandiflorus.** Large-flowering Mock Orange. Very robust growing. Each
2 to 3 ft.....\$0 35
5 to 6 ft..... 50
- Gordonianus.** Gordon's Mock Orange. A large-growing native variety. Blooms later than most other varieties. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Lemoinei.** An attractive shrub of upright growth; small flowers, yellowish white. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Virginale.** New. A vigorous and tall shrub; flowers in dense clusters; large and double; pure white. One of the finest introductions of late years. Each
1½ to 2 ft.....\$0 50
3 to 4 ft..... 1 00

Potentilla • Cinquefoil

- Fruticosa.** A bright-flowered, dwarf shrub of erect and compact growth. Excellent for rockeries; yellow flowers from midsummer until frost. 1½ to 2 ft., 35c. ea.



Philadelphus virginale

Prunus

- Triloba.** Double-flowering Plum. Vigorous growth; flowers semi-double, of a delicate pink, thickly set on slender branches in May. Each
2 to 3 ft.....\$0 50
Standards, 4 to 5 ft. stems..... 1 50

Pyrus • Chokeberry

- Arbutifolia.** Red Chokeberry. Dwarf native shrub of upright habit; handsome glossy foliage; white flowers and bright red fruit. 1½ to 2 ft., 35 cts. each.

Rhodotypos • White Kerria

- Kerrioides.** Dense, bushy habit; single white flowers. The fruit remains all winter. Each
2 to 3 ft.....\$0 35
3 to 4 ft..... 50

Rhodora

- Canadensis.** A native rose-colored, dwarf shrub for moist locations. Blooms before the leaves appear. Each
1 to 1½ ft.....\$0 35
2 to 3 ft..... 50

Rhus • Sumac

- Aromatica.** Fragrant Sumac. A low-growing bush; handsome foliage turning scarlet in fall. Succeeds in poor soil. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Cotinus.** Smoke Tree. Feathery flowers resembling a cloud of smoke. Each
3 to 4 ft.....\$0 75
5 to 6 ft..... 1 50
- Copallina.** Dwarf or Mountain Sumac. Shining green foliage changing to rich crimson in fall. 3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Typhina laciniata.** Cut-leaved Staghorn Sumac. Fern-like foliage, scarlet fruit in autumn. 5 to 6 ft., 50 cts. each.

Ribes

- Aureum.** Flowering Currant. Good ornamental native shrub; yellow flowers and edible dark brown or black berries. 3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. each.

Robinia

- Hispida.** Rose Acacia. Light green, pinnate leaves and long clusters of rose-colored, pea-like flowers. May and June. 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each.

Rubus

- Odoratus.** Flowering Raspberry. Dense-growing, showy, fragrant flowers in clusters. Prefers shady places. 3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. each.

Sambucus • Elder

- Canadensis.** Common Elder. Well-known native shrub, with light green foliage and flat heads of white flowers in June, followed by reddish purple berries in autumn. 3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Racemosa (pubens).** Attractive red fruit appearing early in the summer. 3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. each.

Spiræa

- Anthony Waterer.** Dwarf; flowering throughout the season. Color bright crimson. Each
1½ to 2 ft.....\$0 35
2 to 3 ft..... 50
- Arguta.** Early flowering; compact, graceful habit; pure white flowers in May. Each
2 to 3 ft.....\$0 35
4 to 5 ft..... 50

SPIRÆA, continued

- Callosa alba.** Fortune's White Spirea. Very dwarf; excellent for hedging. 1½ to 2 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Opulifolia.** Ninebark. Vigorous growing; valuable for screens or large mass planting. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
4 to 5 ft. 50
- Opulifolia aurea.** Golden-leaved Spirea. Useful in the colored-foliage group. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Prunifolia fl.-pl.** Bridal Wreath. Double white flowers; erect growth. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Reevesii.** Tall growing; large, double, pure white flowers in late spring. 2 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Thunbergii.** Growth somewhat pendulous; covered with fine, narrow leaves and small white flowers. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50
- Van Houttei.** Erect bush with arched branches covered with clusters of white flowers in long racemes. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.

Staphylea · Bladder Nut

- Colchica.** Tall growing; fragrant white flowers in late spring for the border. 2 ft., 35 cts. each.

Stephanandra

- Flexuosa.** Lace Shrub. Of value for its graceful, arching branches, white flowers and pretty, fall coloring; medium height. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.

Symphoricarpos

- Racemosa.** Snowberry. Small, pink flowers followed by large, showy, white berries. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Vulgaris.** Coral Berry, or Indian Currant. Dwarf, pink flowers followed by clusters of small purple-red berries. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50

Syringa · Lilac

- Belle de Nancy.** Double pink with white center. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.
- Charles X.** Magnificent clusters of dark reddish flowers. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.
- La Tour d'Auvergne.** Violet-purple; a fine, double-flowering kind. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.
- Lamarque.** A very fine dark-flowered variety. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.
- Madame Casimir-Perier.** Very large, creamy white, double flowers. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.
- Madame Lemoine.** Pure white; double. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.
- Marie Legraye.** Creamy white; single; very fine. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.
- President Grevy.** Splendid panicles of large, double, soft blue flowers. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.
- Souvenir de Ludwig Spaeth.** Dark purple-red. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.
- Persica.** A fine old sort; dwarf; fragrant purple flowers in loose panicles. 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each.
- Villosa.** Himalayan Lilac. Immense panicles of fragrant flowers, light purple in bud, white when open. Blooms two to three weeks after the others. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 50
4 to 5 ft. 1 00
- Vulgaris.** Common Purple Lilac. The well-known purple of grandmother's garden. 3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. to 50 cts. each.
- Vulgaris alba.** Common White Lilac. The old popular white variety. 3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. to 50 cts. each.

STANDARD LILACS in the following varieties:

- Amelia Duprat.** Dark purple.
- Barbara Morley.** Pink.
- Doyen Keteleer.** Pale pink; double.
- Jean Bart.** Double; lilac-pink to violet.
- Josikæa.** Violet; long, narrow panicles.
- Virginalis.** Very fine; double; clear pink.
- Ville d'Iroyes.** Single; large; dark purple.
3 to 4 ft., \$1 each

Tamarix · Tamarisk

- Africana.** Pink flowers; graceful, feathery, willow-like growth. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Gallica (T. pentandra).** Similar to the above. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Odessana.** Caspian Tamarisk. Especially valuable on account of its late flowering. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.

Vaccinium

- Corymbosum.** Swamp Huckleberry. White and pinkish flowers and dark blue, edible fruit. Fine for massing on wet ground. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each; collected plants, price on application.

Viburnum

High-Bush Cranberry

- Acerifolium.** Maple-leaved Viburnum. Slender, upright branches; creamy white flowers; purple-crimson berries. Grows even in shady and dry places. 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each.
- Cassinoides.** Withe Rod. Upright growth; white flowers followed by black fruit in autumn. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each; large, collected specimens, \$1 each.
- Dentatum.** Arrow Wood. Upright growth attaining 15 feet. Bears a profusion of bluish black fruit. 1½ to 2 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Lantana.** Wayfaring Tree. A tree-shrub; white flowers in large clusters in May, succeeded by bright red berries later changing to black. 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each.
- Lentago.** Sheepberry. Flowers creamy white and fragrant; foliage a light, glossy green. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Opulus.** High-Bush Cranberry. Bright red fruit throughout the winter. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50
- Opulus sterile.** Common Snowball. Large, globular, pure white flowers in May. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
4 to 5 ft. 50
- Opulus nanum.** A very dwarf variety forming a bush about 2 feet in height. Good for seashore planting. 1½ ft., 35 cts. each.
- Plicatum.** Japanese Snowball. One of the choicest in its class, producing a profusion of pure white ball-shaped flowers in May. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 50
4 to 5 ft. 75 cts. to 1 00
- Tomentosum.** Single Japanese Snowball. Pure white flowers borne along the branches in flat cymes, followed by red berries that later turn black. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each.

Weigela · Diervilla

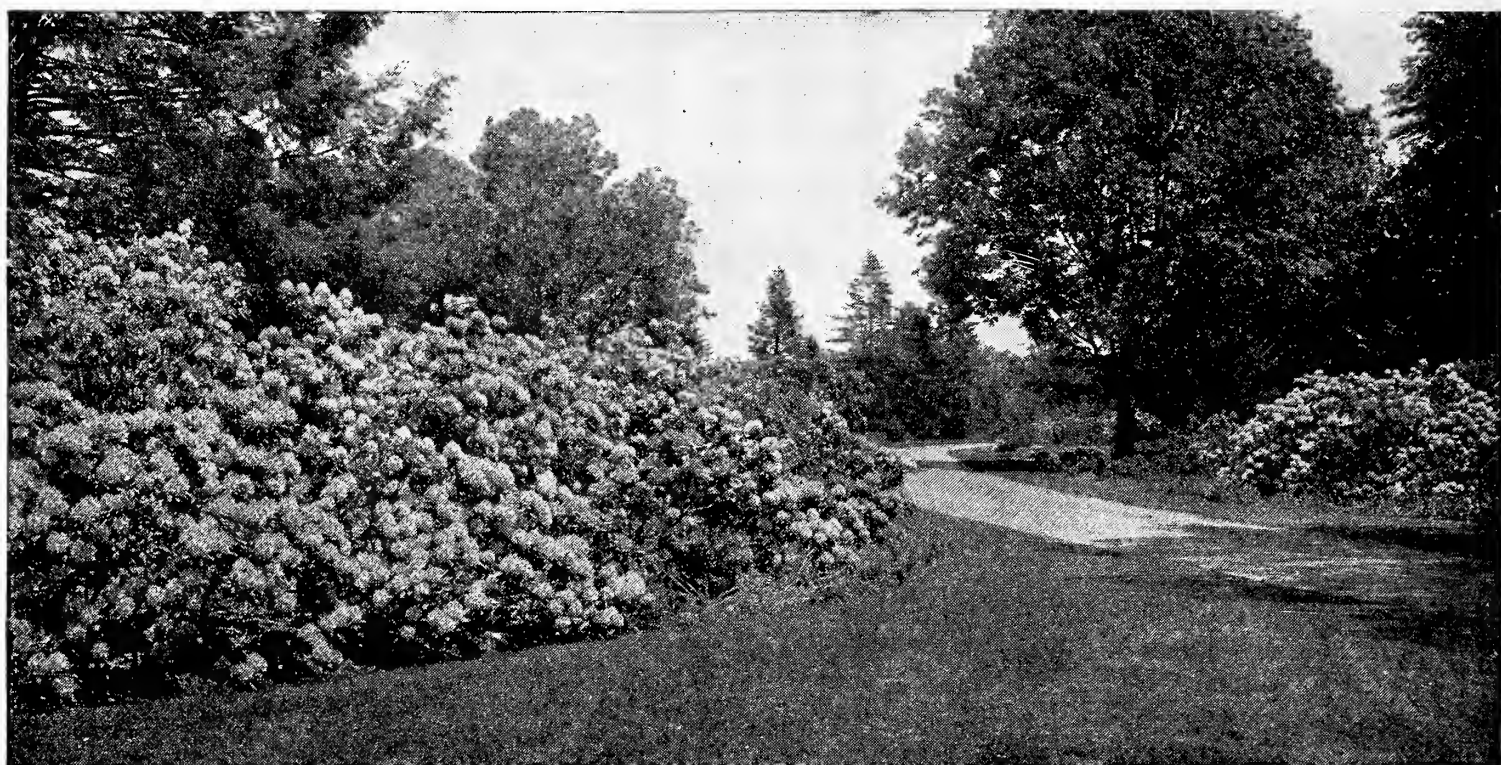
- Amabilis.** Large, rose-pink flowers in autumn as well as in spring. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Candida.** Best white, flowering more or less throughout the summer. Each
3 to 4 ft. \$0 35
5 to 6 ft. 50
- Eva Rathke.** Large, bright, ruby-carmine flowers. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.
- Rosea.** Rosy pink flowers in June. 3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. ea.
- Rosea variegata.** Variegated form of above. Valuable in the colored-foliage group. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
4 to 5 ft. 50

Xanthorrhiza

- Apiifolia.** Shrubby Yellow-Root. Dense growing; dwarf. Thrives in poor, dry, or moist soil and in shade. 1½ to 2 ft., 35 cts. each.

Xanthoceras

- Sorbifolia.** Shrub or small tree with stout, upright branches. 2 to 3 ft., 35 cts. each.



Azaleas and Broad-Leaved Evergreen Shrubs

This charming class of plants has an individuality all its own. In summer we are charmed by their beautiful flowers and in winter by their varying evergreen foliage. If grouped by themselves and not mixed with conifers or deciduous shrubs, their individuality is intensified and their true worth appreciated. On the other hand, if mixed with other plants, one detracts from the other and the character of both is lost. Every garden, however small, should have its group of this particular class of plants and, being suited to a diversity of conditions, there is sure to be a nook or corner that would be enhanced by these lovely gems.

Azalea

Amœna. Evergreen, hardy; wine-colored flowers. \$1 to \$2 each; specimens, 3½ by 4 ft., up to \$35 each.

Arborescens. Fragrant Azalea. Native of the Alleghany Mountains; deciduous; sweet-scented; white tinged with rose. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1 each.

Hinodigiri. Another evergreen kind with double, bright red flowers. \$1.25 to \$2.50 each; specimen plants, up to \$25 each.

Mollis. Although not evergreen, we list them here for convenience. Handsome, hardy, flowering shrubs in various colors, yellow and orange predominating. Assorted varieties, 1½ to 2½ ft., \$1 to \$2, and \$3 each.

Mollis, Anthony Koster. Golden yellow. 2 to 3 ft., \$2 to \$2.50 each.

Indica alba. A very fine evergreen plant with large, single, pure white flowers. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1 to \$2 each.

Lutea (*A. calendulacea*). Flame-colored Azalea. One of the most gorgeous of the flowering shrubs. Each 1½ to 2 ft. \$1 00
Large specimens, 2½ to 3 ft. 25 00

Pontica. Ghent Azalea. Interesting, free-flowering shrubs. Colors range from white to pink, red, and yellow. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1 to \$2.50 each.

PONTICA—

Bouquet de Flore
Coccinea speciosa
Chas. Bauman
Davisii
Fanny
Grandeur Triomphant

Ignea nova.
Julia Schipp.
Josephine Kinger.
Raphael de Smeth.
Wilhelm III.

Grafted, 2 to 3 ft., \$2 to \$2.50 each

Vaseyi. Carolina Azalea. Native, free-flowering shrub of North Carolina Mountains. Flowers pink, before the leaves appear. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1 each.

Viscosa. Small White Azalea. Grows well in damp soil. Very fine for landscape plantings. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each; large, collected plants, \$1 to \$2 each.

Yodogawa. Japanese, strong-growing variety; semi-double flowers of a lavender-pink shade. 2 to 3 ft., \$2 to \$2.50 each.

Andromeda

Catesbæi (*Leucothoe Catesbæi*). A valuable evergreen shrub of great beauty. The leaves are oval, of a leathery texture, green in summer and coloring up beautifully in fall. 1 to 1½ ft., 75 cts. each.

Floribunda. Lily-of-the-Valley Tree. Dwarf, compact; panicles of white flowers over dark masses of evergreen foliage. 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50 to \$2.50 each.

Japonica. Dwarf; smooth foliage; drooping racemes of waxy white flowers. 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.

Cotoneaster

Horizontalis. Chinese Quinceberry. Vigorous shrub from China; prostrate and palmate branches covered with numerous red berries. The small, round leaves are of an attractive rich green hue, and, as the foliage is retained well into midwinter, it should be planted extensively either for decorative or cover purposes. Highly recommended for the rockery or as a cover for banks. 12-in. plants in 4-in. pots, 50 cts. each.

Microphylla. Himalayan Chinese Quinceberry. Similar to above; smaller foliage and branches set closer together. 10 to 12-in. plants in 4-in. pots, 50 cts. each.

Daphne · Garland Flower

Cneorum. Dwarf, spreading shrub 10 to 12 inches high; pink, very fragrant flowers. Indispensable for the rockery. 75 cts. each.

Mezereum flore-albo (*Mezereon Daphne*). Flowers lilac-white, very fragrant, appearing before the leaves. 1½ to 2 ft., 75 cts. each.

Mezereum flore-rubro. Same as the above, only flowers are red. 1½ to 2 ft., 75 cts. each.

Ilex · Holly

Crenata. Japanese Holly. A beautiful, dense-growing evergreen shrub of great ornamental value; one of our coming hedge plants. 3 ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.

Glabra. Inkberry. Dwarf, upright, evergreen shrub. The leaves preserve their glossiness throughout the winter. 2 to 3 ft., \$1 each.

Kalmia • Mountain Laurel

Latifolia. Our native Laurel with beautiful, pinkish to white flowers during May and June. Each
 1 to 1½ ft. \$1 00
 2 to 2½ ft. 2 00
 Carload lots, price on application.

Mahonia

Aquifolium. Holly Berry. Broad, thorny leaves resembling the Holly. Turns scarlet in fall; yellow flowers, blue berries. 1½ ft., 75 cts. each.
Japonica. A form of above. 1½ ft., 75 cts. each.

Rhododendron

Catawbiense. One of the hardiest as well as the most strikingly colored of the native species. Each
 1½ to 2 ft. \$2 00
 2 to 2½ ft. 2 50
 2½ to 3 ft. 3 00
Maximum. A tall, strong-growing, native variety. Where large mass plantings are desired, this plant has no equal. Its perfect hardiness in a cold climate, thriving in the full sun as well as in the densest shade, coupled with its comparatively low cost, has made of this plant an almost universal favorite. Each
 2½ to 3 ft. \$1 50
 3 to 4 ft. \$2.50 to 3 50
 Carload lots, collected plants, price on application.

Boxwood

Each season this favorite increases in popularity which is well deserved, for its uses are almost innumerable. As a tub or pot plant, there is no broad-leaved evergreen to compare with it. It is unquestionably the

BOXWOOD, continued

most attractive and permanent hedge plant. There are some famous hedges here in cold New England linking us with past centuries, their years running well into the hundreds.

As an isolated specimen in the formal garden, punctuating admirably chosen points, it is extremely effective for topiary gardens. As an edging for outlining walks and beds in the formal or old-fashioned garden, there is no substitute.

The large cities demand Boxwood more and more each year for outside window decoration and embellishment of entrances. As a pot or tub plant, it is equally desirable whether in standard, pyramid, or natural bush form. Our annual importation in all forms has been very large and we have yet on hand many plants that must be seen to be appreciated.

Each
 Bush form, 10 to 12 in. \$0 40
 12 to 14 in. 55
 14 to 16 in. 75
 16 to 18 in. 1 00
 20 to 24 in. \$3.50 to 5 00
 2½ ft. \$5 to 7 50
 Pyramid form, 2½ ft. 2 50
 3 ft. 3 50
 3½ ft. 5 00
 4 ft. 7 50
 4½ ft. 9 00
 5 ft. \$12 to 15 00
 Standard form, baby size, 15 to 18-in. stem,
 10 to 12-in. head. 1 50
 Standard form, 2-ft. stem, 12 to 15-in. head. 3 50
 3-ft. stem, 12-in. head. 6 00
 3-ft. stem, 15 to 18-in. head. 9 00
 3½-ft. stem, 15 to 18-in. head. 10 00
 5-ft. stem, 15 to 18-in. head. 12 00
 Ball-shaped, 15 in. high, 18 in. wide. 7 50
 Dwarf Box for edging, 5 to 6 inches, price on application.

Hardy Vines and Climbing Plants**Ampelopsis**

Engelmannii. An improved form of the Virginia Creeper. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$25 per 100.
Veitchii. Boston Ivy. This is undoubtedly the best vine for covering walls, stonework, wood structures, trees, etc. Prune close to the ground when planting. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100.
Quinquefolia. True Virginia Creeper, or Woodbine. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100.

Akebia

Quinata. Akebia Vine. One of our most graceful hardy climbers. Numerous, violet-brown flowers in early spring; spicy, cinnamon odor. 50 cts. each.

Aristolochia

Sipho. Dutchman's Pipe. An extremely rapid-growing climber, bearing odd, brownish colored flowers not unlike a pipe. 50 cts. each.

Bignonia • Tecoma; Trumpet Vine

Grandiflora. Rapid growing; orange-red flowers. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.
Radicans. Vivid, orange-scarlet flowers. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.
Sanguinea præcox. A desirable acquisition where winters are not too severe. 50 cts. each.

Celastrus

Scandens. Bitter Sweet. A native climbing plant of rapid growth; yellow flowers in June followed by orange fruit, which remains on the plants nearly all winter. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Clematis

Coccinea. Thick, showy, bright, coral-red flowers. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Duchess of Edinburg. Double white; fragrant. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Henryi. Large-flowering white varieties; flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Mme. Edouard Andre. Intensely vivid crimson. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Mme. Baron Veillard. Beautiful satiny pink. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Ramona. Light blue; fine. 50 cts. each.
Paniculata. Virgin's Bower. Deliciously fragrant flowers in August. One of the most desirable climbing vines. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100.
Ville de Lyon. New. Very large, wine-red flowers. \$1 ea.

Euonymus

Arborescens (vegetus). Broad-leaved evergreen shrub for dry embankments or may be used as a climber. 35 cts. to 50 cts. each, \$3.50 to \$5 per doz.
Arborescens fol. var. (E. vegetus fol. var.). White and green foliage; very desirable. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Kewensis. A neat variety of recent introduction; very small dark green leaves; of great value as a rock plant or ground-cover. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
Radicans. Japanese trailing vine with dense, glossy, green leaves. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6 per 100; larger plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
Radicans fol. var. Green and white form of the above. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6 per 100; larger plants, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Hedera

Helix. Hardy English Ivy. Evergreen; excellent for covering walls or as a ground-cover, and for edging window boxes, etc. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100; specimen plants, \$1 each.

Lonicer

Halliana. Hall's Honeysuckle. Pure white, changing to yellow; almost evergreen. 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.
Reticulata aurea. Variegated Honeysuckle. Variegated yellow and green. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
Sempervirens. Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle. Deep scarlet flowers, followed by scarlet berries. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Pueraria

Thunbergiana. Kudzu Vine. A remarkably rapid-growing vine, attaining a growth of 40 to 50 feet in a season under good culture. Leaves deep green, flowers rosy purple. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Schizophragma

Hydrangeoides. Climbing Hydrangea. Climbs by aerial rootlets. The flowers are similar to a white Hydrangea. Small plant, 50 cts. each, \$4 per doz.

Vinca

Minor. Periwinkle. Dwarf, evergreen, trailing vine used for carpeting ground under shrubs or trees, or where it is too shady for other plants to grow. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Wisteria

Brachybotrys. Short-clustered Wistaria. Slow-growing Japanese variety; showy purple flowers. \$1 each, \$10 per doz.
Multijuga. Japanese Wistaria. Distinguished from the Chinese by larger and looser racemes containing sometimes as many as one hundred flowers. \$1 each, \$10 per doz.
Sinensis (*Glycine chinensis*). Delicate violet-blue; floriferous and fragrant. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.
Sinensis alba (*Glycine chinensis alba*). A pure white form. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Deciduous and Flowering Trees

Acer · Maples

Dasycarpum. Silver-leaved or Soft Maple. Each
1½ to 2 in. caliper, 12 to 14 ft. high.....\$2 00
2 to 2½ in. caliper, 12 to 14 ft. high..... 2 50
Platanoides. Norway Maple.
1 to 1½ in. caliper, 8 to 10 ft. high..... 1 00
1¾ to 2 in. caliper, 10 to 12 ft. high..... 1 75
2 to 2½ in. caliper, 12 to 14 ft. high..... 2 50
Platanoides Schwedleri. Schwedler's Maple.
2 to 2½ in. caliper, 10 to 12 ft. high..... 3 00
Saccharum. Sugar or Rock Maple.
1½ to 2 in. caliper, 10 to 12 ft. high..... 2 00
Wieri laciniatum. Wier's Cut-leaved Maple.
1½ to 2 in. caliper..... 1 50

Japanese Maples

Atropurpureum. Dark Purple-leaved Maple. This is the most popular of the Japanese Maples, its dark purple foliage lasting well throughout the season.
Each
1½ to 2 ft., bushy.....\$2 50
2 to 3 ft., bushy.....\$3.50 to 5 00
3 to 4 ft., bushy.....\$7.50 to 10 00
Atropurpureum dissectum. Cut-leaved Purple Maple. Dwarf; weeping, graceful form; branches crimson; leaves finely cut into thread-like divisions. 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.50 to \$5 each.
Aureum. Golden-leaved Japanese Maple. Foliage softly shaded in gold with effusion of green; very dwarf. Each
1½ to 2 ft.....\$2.50 to \$3 00
3 to 5 ft..... 5.00 to 7 50
Polymorphum. This is quite a large-growing tree or shrub, with small, deeply lobed leaves of a coppery green. Each
2 to 3 ft.....\$1.50 to \$2 50
3 to 4 ft..... 3.50 to 5 00
Reticulatum. Green, deeply cut leaves of fine form. Each
1½ to 2 ft.....\$2.50 to \$3 50
3 to 4 ft..... 5.00 to 7 50
Scolopendrifolium rubrum. Bloody-leaved Maple. Very fine; the dark-colored leaves lasting all summer. 1½ to 2 ft., \$2.50 to \$3.50 each.

Æsculus

Hippocastanum. White Horse-Chestnut. A handsome, compact tree; white spotted flowers produced in erect clusters. 8 to 10 ft., \$2 each.
Hippocastanum rubicunda. Red-flowering Horse-Chestnut. Similar to the preceding, with red flowers. 8 to 12 ft., \$2.50 each.

Betula

Alba. White Birch. Our native Birch, with its white bark, is a favorite everywhere. 8 to 10 ft., \$1 each.
Lutea. Yellow Birch. Yellowish gray bark which peels off in layers. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.50 each.
Pendula laciniata. Cut-leaved Weeping Birch. Slender, drooping branches and silvery bark. 8 to 10 ft., \$2.50 to \$3.50 each.

Carpinus

Americana. Hornbeam. Our native species, growing from 15 to 20 feet high. Valuable as a hedge tree. 2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each.

Catalpa

Bungei. Umbrella Tree. Originally from Japan; forms a perfect half-globular head. 3-year heads, \$2 to \$2.50 each.
Speciosa. Indian Bean. Large, fragrant blossoms of purple and white in long, pyramidal clusters; large, tropical-looking foliage. 5 to 6 ft., \$1 each.

Cerasus

Chinensis fl.-pl. Double-flowering Cherry. Covered in May with long, double flowers resembling Roses. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.
Chinensis rosea fl.-pl. Weeping Japanese Cherry. Fine pendulous tree for the lawn. 7 to 8 ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.
Chinensis Sieboldii rubra fl.-pl. A red, double-flowering form of great beauty. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.

Cornus

Florida alba. White-flowering Dogwood. This is one of our very best medium-sized, native, flowering trees. Each
3 to 4 ft.....\$1 00
10 to 12 ft., fine straight stems..... 4 00
Florida rubra. Red or Pink-flowering Dogwood. A magnificent rosy red-flowering variety that is still hard to obtain. Each
4 to 5 ft.....\$3 00
5 to 6 ft..... 4 00
6 to 7 ft.....\$5 to 7 50

Cratægus

Oxyacantha coccinea fl.-pl. Paul's Double Scarlet Thorn. Best of the double varieties. Used as a small tree. 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50 each.

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A. N. PIERSON, Inc.
CROMWELL, CONN.

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Fagus

Ferruginea. American Beech. A compact, spreading, fine tree; light-colored, smooth bark; foliage glossy. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50 each.

Sylvatica. European Beech. Fine tree. 5 to 6 ft., \$3.50 each.

Sylvatica Riversii. Rivers' Purple Beech. Leaves very dark purple. Each
3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 to \$2 50
4 to 5 ft. 3.50 to 5 00

Gymnocladus

Canadensis. Kentucky Coffee Tree. Native tree of upright growth, forming large, irregular, open specimens with rough bark; stiff, blunt shoots; foliage is feathery, of a bluish green color. \$1.50 to \$2.50 each.

Liquidambar

Styraciflua. Sweet Gum. A stately tree with star-shaped leaves which change to beautiful colors in fall. 8 to 10 ft., \$2.50 to \$3.50 each.

Liriodendron

Tulipifera. Tulip Tree. A remarkably lofty tree; rich, glossy foliage and large, tulip-shaped flowers. 6 to 8 ft., \$2 each.

Magnolia

Alexandrina. A choice, dwarf variety; light pink flowers in May. 5 to 6 ft., \$4 to \$5 each.

Amabilis. A larger-growing tree; flowers nearly white. Each
2 to 3 ft. \$3 00
5 to 6 ft. \$4 to 5 00

Conspicua. Medium-sized tree. Masses of snow-white, lily-like flowers in May before the leaves appear. 3 to 4 ft., \$4 each.

Halleana. Small, white flowers; of dwarf habit. 2½ to 3 ft., \$4 each.

Kobus. A dark-colored kind of recent introduction. 3 to 4 ft., \$4 each.

Lennei. A fine, strong grower; deep, dark purple, cup-shaped flowers pearl-colored within. 5 to 6 ft., \$4 to \$5 each.

Soulangeana. Flowers white and purple, cup-shaped; one of the hardiest. Each
3 to 4 ft. \$4 00
4 to 5 ft. 5 00

Stellata. Pure white, star-shaped flowers; dwarf. 1½ to 2 ft., \$3 to \$4 each.

Morus • Mulberry

Teas' Weeping. Forms a perfect umbrella-shaped head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground. 2-year, \$1.50 to \$2 each.

Platanus • Plane Tree

Occidentalis. American Plane; Sycamore; or Buttonwood. One of the most massive and, perhaps, the tallest of all deciduous trees in eastern North America. 1½ to 2 in. caliper, 10 to 12 ft. high, \$1.50 to \$2.50 each.

Orientalis. Oriental Plane. Valuable on account of its apparent immunity from injurious insects and diseases. 4 to 6 ft., \$1 each.

Populus • Poplar

Fastigiata. Lombardy Poplar. Narrow, upright growth and tall, spiry form; attains a height of 150 feet. 10 to 12 ft., \$4 each.

Pyrus • Flowering Crab

Malus atrosanguinea. Makes a good head covered with deep purple flowers followed by ornamental fruit. Each

3 to 4 ft. \$1 50
5 to 6 ft. 2 00

Ioensis Bechtelii. Bechtel's Crab. Flowers large and very double; of more dwarf growth than some of the other varieties. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50 each.

Malus floribunda. Distinct and very pretty; flowers range from carmine to white when open; flowers small but showy. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50 each.

Malus Parkmanii. This fine variety flowers entirely on last season's growth, as well as from older spurs. Double, rich carmine flowers. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50 each.

Malus sanguinea. A dark-flowering variety with small, showy fruit. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50 each.

Malus Scheideckeri. Fine, light-colored, single flowers in great profusion. 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.

Prunus

Pissardii. Purple-leaved Japanese Plum. Vigorous, upright growth; foliage maroon-red; very handsome from early spring to late fall. 4 to 5 ft., 75 cts. to \$1 each.

Quercus • Oak

Coccinea. Scarlet Oak. A native tree of fine rapid growth, remarkable for its fine scarlet foliage. 8 to 10 ft., \$2.50 each.

Palustris. Pin Oak. A superb and very distinct tree with gracefully drooping branches; pleasing green foliage. 10 to 12 ft., \$2.50 each.

Salisburia • Maidenhair Tree, or Ginkgo

Adiantifolia. A handsome tree of medium size and rapid, pyramidal growth; beautiful fern-like, thick, and glossy foliage. 8 to 10 ft., \$2.50 each.

Salix • Willow

Babylonica. Weeping Babylonian Willow. A fine weeping tree, indispensable for planting near running or still water. Each

7 to 8 ft. \$0 75
9 to 10 ft. 1 50

Caprea. Very distinct and ornamental. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.50 each.

Caprea pendula. Kilmarnock Weeping Willow. Strong, large foliage; weeping. 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25 each.

Pentandra. Laurel-leaved Willow. Shiny, bright green foliage. 6 to 8 ft., 75 cts. each.

Sorbus

Aucuparia. European Mountain Ash. A fine tree, dense and regular, covered all summer with clusters of bright red berries. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25 each.

Tilia • Linden

Americana. American Linden, or Basswood. One of the finest rapid-growing native trees with large leaves and fragrant flowers. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.

Europaea. European Linden. Tall tree with a more compact form than the American. Fragrant flowers and small leaves. 10 to 12 ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.

Ulmus • Elm

Americana. American Elm. One of the finest American trees of which New England is so justly proud. Fine as a street tree or for planting as a specimen on the lawn. 8 to 10 ft., \$2 to \$2.50 each.



PLANT EVERGREENS THIS FALL
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